COMMONWEALTH AUTOMOBILE REINSURERS

MASSACHUSETTS

COMMERCIAL

AUTOMOBILE INSURANCE MANUAL

Effective January 1, 2027

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RULE 1. APPLICATION OF THIS MANUAL

A. Contents

This Manual contains the rules, rates and rating procedures applicable to those commercial classes of risk which are ceded to the Commonwealth Automobile Reinsurers (CAR).

B. Sections

This Manual is divided into separate sections for:

- I General Rules
- II Common Coverages and Rating Procedures
- III Trucks, Tractors and Trailers
- IV Private Passenger Types
- V Public Transportation
- VI Auto Dealers
- VII Special Types and Operations
- C. Rates

For rates, refer to the Rate Section.

D. Statistical Codes

Most statistical codes are on the rate pages or in the specific rules. Refer to the Massachusetts Commercial Automobile Statistical Plan for statistical codes not shown.

RULE 2. EFFECTIVE DATE RULE

The date shown at the top of the page is the effective date for the application of rules contained in this Manual. Revisions or additions to Manual Rules will be announced via a Commercial Lines Notice that will specify the effective date of the change.

RULE 3. POLICIES AND COVERAGES

A. Compulsory Automobile Insurance Law

All automobiles registered in Massachusetts are subject to the Compulsory Automobile Insurance Law except those owned by:

- 1. the Federal Government or the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or any political subdivision thereof (state, city or town);
- 2. a person, firm or corporation for the operation of which security is required to be furnished the Department of Public Utilities (DPU);
 - a. automobiles owned, leased or rented by a public utility.
 - b. buses, excluding school buses under exclusive contract to a city or town.
- 3. a street railway company under public control.
- B. Commercial Automobile Residual Market Insurance Program

The following policy coverage and endorsement forms have been approved by the Division of Insurance and are on file for use in the Massachusetts commercial residual market. Servicing Carriers should reference Appendix A-1 for the correct version of each form. Risks subject to the compulsory law are required to be insured under the approved coverage form.

Business Auto Coverage

Business Auto Coverage Form	CA 00 01
Massachusetts Business Auto Declarations	MM 00 97
Common Policy Conditions	IL 00 17
Nuclear Energy Liability Exclusion	IL 00 21
Exclusion of Terrorism Above Min Limits	CA 23 86

Truckers/Motor Carrier Coverage

Business Auto Coverage Form	CA 00 01
Massachusetts Business Auto Declarations	MM 00 97
Common Policy Conditions	IL 00 17
Nuclear Energy Liability Exclusion	IL 00 21
Exclusion of Terrorism Above Min Limits	CA 23 86
Motor Carrier Endorsement	CA 23 30

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Auto Dealers Coverage	
Auto Dealers Coverage Form	CA 00 25
Auto Dealers Declarations - MA	MM 25 02
Common Policy Conditions	IL 00 17
Nuclear Energy Liability Exclusion	IL 00 21
Exclusion of Terrorism Above Min Limits	CA 23 86

The following endorsements must be issued when insuring risks subject to the Compulsory Automobile Insurance Law:

Massachusetts Mandatory Endorsement	MM 99 11
or	
Auto Dealers MA Mandatory Endorsement	MM 25 01

When insuring risks not subject to the Compulsory Automobile Insurance Law, the following endorsements must be issued:

Personal Injury Protection Coverage – MA	MM 99 35
Massachusetts Changes Endorsement	MM 99 67
Business Auto Declarations	CA DS 03

Coverage for policies written on the Business Auto Coverage Form is restricted to vehicles specifically described on the policy declarations and designated with Covered Auto Designation Symbols 7, 8, or 9 only.

C. Compulsory Coverages

The compulsory coverages that must be afforded to risks subject to the Massachusetts Compulsory Automobile Insurance Law are:

Compulsory Bodily Injury Liability at limits of \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident.

Personal Injury Protection at \$8,000 each person.

Property Damage Liability at \$5,000 basic limits. Increased limits are available.

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Protection Against Uninsured Motorists at basic limits of \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident. Increased limits are available.

D. Mandatory Offer

Rule 6 – Coverages of CAR's Rules of Operation requires that the Servicing Carrier providing compulsory coverages offer additional coverages consisting of:

Taxicab Risks

Optional Bodily Injury limits not to exceed \$250,000 per person, \$500,000 per accident.

Protection Against Uninsured Motorists Limits not to exceed \$250,000 per person, \$500,000 per accident.

Protection Against Underinsured Motorists Limits not to exceed \$250,00 per person, \$500,000 per accident.

Medical Payments Limits may not exceed \$5,000 for any one accident.

Property Damage Liability may not exceed \$50,000 for any one accident.

All Other Commercial Risks

Optional Bodily Injury at limits up to \$1,000,000 per person, \$1,000,000 per accident.

Protection Against Uninsured Motorists at limits up to \$500,000 per person, \$500,000 per accident and may not exceed the Optional Bodily Injury limits of the policy.

Protection Against Underinsured Motorists at limits up to \$500,000 each person, \$500,000 each accident and may not exceed the Optional Bodily Injury limits of the policy.

Medical Payments at a \$5,000 limit. Refer to the Rate Section for other available limits.

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Increased Property Damage Liability up to a limit of \$500,000.

A Combined Single Limit for Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability up to a limit of \$1,000,000 per accident.

Coverages requested by the applicant which are required by any financial responsibility law or State or Federal regulation as specified in the definition of Eligible Risk which is contained in Rule 2 – Definitions of CAR's Rules of Operation. Any associated forms or endorsements as required by law or regulation must be attached to the policy.

Specified Causes of Loss or Comprehensive Coverages

Collision and Limited Collision Coverages

Waiver of Deductible

Loss of Use - Rental Reimbursement

Servicing Carriers may refuse physical damage coverages under certain circumstances. Refer to Rule 6 – Coverages of CAR's Rules of Operation.

RULE 4. STANDARD PROCEDURES

- A. Renewals
 - 1. The Servicing Carrier may elect to include a renewal application or questionnaire with the renewal policy.
 - 2. The application or questionnaire may be accompanied by a letter indicating that coverage will be continued or renewed only upon receipt of the completed form and payment of premium based on the latest classification information.
 - 3. The letter may indicate that failure to furnish the necessary items may result in cancellation of the policy.
 - 4. The specific reason for cancellation under this rule shall be:
 - a. Failure to furnish renewal application or questionnaire, or

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- b. Failure to demonstrate risk eligibility for placement in residual market, or
- c. Non-payment of renewal premium.

The cancellation notice must also contain the following statement:

"If the insured furnishes the necessary item(s) prior to the effective date of the cancellation, the cancellation shall be rescinded."

- B. Transfer of Insurer
 - 1. The producer of record must provide the Servicing Carrier with information required by the Registry of Motor Vehicles for each automobile insured.

In addition to reporting the necessary information to the Servicing Carrier, the producer shall prepare a Registration and Title Application (RTA), accompanied by the appropriate fee, for processing by the Registry of Motor Vehicles, if an insured requests a corrected registration certificate.

2. At the same time the transfer information is released to the new carrier, the producer of record must immediately issue a Notice of Transfer of Insurer to the former producer of record, if known, or if not known to the former carrier.

The notice must be signed by the producer of record and certified by affixing the company stamp of the new carrier.

- 3. Upon receipt of the Notice of Transfer of Insurer, coverage shall be discontinued as of the date shown on the form. No notice of cancellation is required.
- C. Cancellation (Other Than Transfer of Insurer)
 - 1. Notice of cancellation must be given in a timely manner as required by Massachusetts law on a form approved by the Commissioner and shall include the specific reason(s) for cancellation.

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- 2. Immediately upon the intended effective date of the cancellation, notification must be sent to the Registry of Motor Vehicles in a format as prescribed by the Registrar.
- 3. In the event that a policy has been terminated by
 - a. sale or transfer of the automobile, or
 - b. surrender of the registration plates by the owner of the automobile to the Registry,

a plate return receipt from the Registry of Motor Vehicles must be furnished to the Servicing Carrier.

- 4. If a policy has been cancelled by a Servicing Carrier, and such policy is later reinstated by the Board of Appeals or by the Superior Court or Municipal Court of the City of Boston, the premium charge for the unexpired term of the policy shall be calculated pro rata on the premium applicable to the policy when originally issued.
- 5. If a Servicing Carrier determines, at any time during the policy term, that a ceded policy is to be retained on a voluntary basis, such policy is to be cancelled pro rata and rewritten as a voluntary policy using the Servicing Carrier's voluntary filed rate.
- 6. No policy in effect prior to a rate level revision shall be endorsed or cancelled and rewritten to take advantage of such a revision, or to avoid the application of such a revision.
- 7. Refer to Rule 9 Cancellation.

RULE 5. POLICY TERM

The Servicing Carrier must issue to an insured an annual automobile policy providing compulsory coverages, or at the option of the insured, a short-term policy containing an expiration date as elected by the insured.

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RULE 6. ROUNDING RULE

A. Rates, Factors, Multipliers

Round rates, factors, and multipliers after the final calculation to three decimal places. Five-tenths or more of a mill shall be considered one mill e.g., .1245 = .125.

B. Premium

Round the premium for each peril, coverage, and exposure for which a separate premium is calculated, to the nearest whole dollar. Round a premium involving \$.50 or over to the next higher whole dollar e.g., \$100.50 = \$101.00 but \$100.49 = \$100.00.

C. Minimum Premium

Charge a premium of at least \$1 for each instance where a separate premium is calculated.

RULE 7. PREMIUM COMPUTATION

For an annual policy, compute the premium at the rates in effect at policy inception.

If the premium is calculated using rates that are in effect when the policy is prepared and that differs from the rates that will apply at policy inception, the premium should be recalculated as of the effective date. Use Premium Adjustment and Coverage Endorsement – Massachusetts MM 99 68.

For policies written with terms less than one year, pro rate the annual premium using rates in effect at policy inception. Refer to the Rate Section for pro rata and short rate tables.

RULE 8. PREMIUM CHANGES

A. Premium Determination

Pro rate all changes requiring adjustment of the policy premium at the rate used to calculate the policy premium at inception.

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B. Waiver of Premium

Waive additional or return premium of \$5.00 or less. Grant any return premium due if requested by the insured. This waiver applies to any cash exchange due on an endorsement effective date.

RULE 9. CANCELLATION

Evidence supporting the request for cancellation shall be sent to the Servicing Carrier.

A. Pro Rata Cancellation

The return premium shall be computed pro rata and rounded to the next higher whole dollar if:

- 1. The policy is cancelled at the request of the company.
- 2. The policy is cancelled, at the request of the insured, within 30 days of its effective date or within 30 days of the insured's receipt of the policy, whichever is later.
- 3. The insured automobile is stolen or is a constructive total loss, and the insured requests cancellation within 30 days following the date the automobile is stolen or becomes a constructive total loss.
- 4. The return premium shall be computed on a pro rata basis if at any time during the policy term the insured requests such cancellation in order to obtain coverage in the voluntary market.
- B. Short Rate Cancellation

The return premium shall be computed on a short rate basis if, at the request of the insured, the policy is cancelled 31 or more days after its effective date or 31 or more days after receipt of the policy, whichever is later and the provisions of Section A.4. of this Rule are not applicable.

C. Pro Rata and Short Rate Tables

Refer to the Rate Section for appropriate pro rata and short rate tables.

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RULE 10. FACTORS OR MULTIPLIERS

Whenever applicable, factors or multipliers are to be applied consecutively and not added together except where rules in this Manual specifically call for factors to be added to or subtracted from other factors.

RULES 11 THROUGH 19 RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE.

RULE 20. HOW TO CLASSIFY AUTOMOBILES

- A. If an automobile has more than one use, use the highest rated classification, unless 80% or more of the use is in a lower rated activity. In that case, use the lower rated classification.
- B. Classify and rate automobiles of the truck type that transport property or are used in business according to Section III Trucks, Tractors and Trailers of this Manual.
- C. Classify and rate automobiles of the private passenger type according to Section IV Private Passenger Types of this Manual.
- D. Classify and rate buses, taxicabs and other automobiles that are used as public livery or conveyance, including automobiles engaging in public livery and on-demand delivery services through a transportation network or delivery network services company, according to Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual.
- E. Classify and rate new and used automobile dealers according to Section VI Auto Dealers of this Manual.
- F. Classify and rate automobiles that do not fit into these categories according to Section VII Special Types and Operations of this Manual.
- G. Upon request, the applicant shall be required to substantiate with permanent records (such as logbooks, revenue books, etc.) that the automobile is being used as set forth in the application or renewal questionnaire.

RULE 21. RESIDENCE AND LOCATION

The proper rate schedules and rules are those effective in the city or town where the automobile is principally garaged except as otherwise provided in this Manual. Automobiles used by salesmen or solicitors, or those with similar duties, requiring the operation of the automobile in more than one rating territory in Massachusetts, shall be assigned to the territory determined by the place of principal garaging, or, if there is no specific city or town of principal garaging, then, by the residential address of the operator or, if the residential address of the operator cannot be determined then, by the Massachusetts business address of the operator. No adjustment of the premium shall be made by reason of a change in the place of principal garaging during the policy period unless such change is permanent.

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Massachusetts registration is required of non-residents in accordance with reciprocal agreements with the various states as determined by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles.

Any automobile owned by a non-resident of Massachusetts for which Massachusetts registration is required, regularly garaged inside the Commonwealth, shall be charged the rate for the territory in which the automobile is principally garaged by such non-resident during the period of Massachusetts registration.

RULE 22. OUT-OF-STATE GARAGING

Any automobile owned or leased by an eligible risk which has its Principal Place of Business within the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and garaged outside of Massachusetts shall be written at liability limits at least equal to the financial responsibility requirements of the state of garaging.

A. OTHER THAN ZONE RATED AUTOMOBILES

For other than zone rated automobiles, use the premiums for the highest rated territory as contained in the Rate Section of this Manual. The highest rated territory is determined based upon manual rates at basic limits (coverages A-1 and B basic limits of \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident Bodily Injury and \$5,000 Property Damage) for the classification of the automobile to be rated.

B. ZONE RATED AUTOMOBILES

For zone rated automobile premium determination, refer to Rule 54 for TTT's, and Rule 74 for Publics.

C. CLASSIFICATION AND REPORTING

Automobiles rated in accordance with this rule shall be classified and premium town reported in accordance with the applicable classification code and out-of-state town code contained in the Massachusetts Commercial Automobile Statistical Plan.

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RULE 23. DEPOSIT PREMIUM RULE

The Servicing Carrier, its agent or any broker may require deposit premium prior to the issuance of a policy provided the per vehicle deposit does not exceed 30% of the applicable annual premium for the insurance requested. If the applicant has been in default in the payment of any premium during the preceding 24 months, the entire policy premium charges are payable in advance.

RULE 24. REGISTRY CERTIFICATION

- A. The Servicing Carrier shall certify, on behalf of the insured, the registration form required by the Massachusetts Registry of Motor Vehicles for all Massachusetts automobiles subject to the Massachusetts Motor Vehicle Law.
- B. No form of certificate shall be used other than that which is a part of the application for automobile registration.
- C. The certificate must be executed in the name of the Servicing Carrier and signed by an officer, employee or agent authorized by the Servicing Carrier on an approved form filed with the Commissioner of Insurance.
- D. A policy must be issued with the same effective date covering all automobiles for which a registration certification has been executed.

RULE 25. COMBINATION OF INTEREST

More than one interest may be named on a policy and rated as a single risk if one interest owns more than 50% of another. All the interests that are combined must be named on the policy.

RULE 26. DRIVE OTHER CAR COVERAGE (CODE 90200)

- A. Drive Other Car Coverage is provided for no additional charge in the following cases:
 - 1. An individual named insured who owns a private passenger automobile. Refer to Rule 34 Individual as Named Insured. Use Individual Named Insured Endorsement CA 99 17.

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2. The spouse of an individual named insured written under an Auto Dealers Coverage Form if a resident of the same household.

Refer to policies for appropriate coverages.

- B. In all other cases, refer to the Rate Section for additional charges. Use Drive Other Car Coverage Endorsement MM 99 22.
- C. In all cases, Drive Other Car Coverage includes coverage for the spouse for no additional charge.

RULE 27. NON-OWNERSHIP LIABILITY

- A. This rule does not apply to risks written on an Auto Dealers Coverage Form.
- B. When non-ownership liability coverage is afforded, the Business Auto Coverage Form provides coverage to the named insured for the use of covered non-owned autos in connection with the named insured's business.
 - 1. For all risks other than auto service operations, partnerships or LLCs refer to Rate Section for premium development.
 - 2. Auto Service operations coverage is provided solely for the operation of non-owned autos by auto repair shops, service stations, storage garages and public parking places, or tow truck operators. Refer to Rate Section for premium development.

For auto service operations that are also partnership or LLC, refer to the Rate Section for premium development.

- 3. For partnerships or LLCs as the Names Insured, refer to Rate Section for premium development.
- 4. To extend Non-Ownership Liability Coverage to cover the individual liability of:
 - a. Employees (including employees of auto service operations) while using their automobiles, and other covered non-owned autos in connection with the employer's business, refer to the Rate Section for premium determination. Use Employees As Insureds Endorsement CA 99 33.
 - b. Volunteers while using their autos and other covered non-owned autos, or partners and LLC members while using autos owned by them or members of their household, in connection with the

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named insured's business, refer to the Rate Section for premium determination. Use the following endorsements: Non-ownership Liability Coverage for Volunteers Endorsement CA 05 24; or Partners Or Members As Insureds Endorsement CA 05 25.

C. Unless there is a substantial change in exposure during the policy period, the advance premium is the earned premium.

RULE 28. HIRED AUTOMOBILES

- A. For automobiles hired, loaned, leased, or furnished:
 - 1. If the insured is providing the primary insurance covering the automobile and the term of the lease is six months or more:
 - a. Rate as though owned by the insured; and
 - b. if the policy is extended to cover the owner of the automobile as an additional insured, multiply the otherwise applicable bodily injury liability and property damage liability rates by 1.04. Use Lessor – Additional Insured and Loss Payee Endorsement MM 20 26, and, if applicable Additional Insured – Owner of Leased Vehicle MM 20 25.
 - 2. If the owner of the automobile is providing the primary insurance, refer to the Rate Section.
 - 3. If a lessor is an employee of the insured, use Employee As Lessor Endorsement CA 99 47.
- B. Cost of Hire Basis Liability Coverages (Class Code 66110, Minimum Premium Class Code 66190)
 - For automobiles used in trucking or motor carrier operations, refer to Rule 55 – Premium Development Options for Truckers/Motor Carriers in Section III – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers of this Manual.
 - 2. For public transportation automobiles, (other than social service agencies), moving van associations and freight forwarding operations, the cost of hire rate is determined by applying a factor of .0033 to the specified car rate determined in accordance with the appropriate manual rule for the applicable automobile.

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3. If a volunteer rents or hires an auto in a volunteer's name for the purposes of performing duties related to the insured's business, use Volunteer Hired Autos Endorsement CA 04 39.

RULE 29. RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE

RULE 30. MEDICAL PAYMENTS

- A. The premiums for trucks, tractors, trailers, public automobiles, private passenger types and miscellaneous private passenger types are on the rate pages.
- B. For zone rated risks, refer to Zone Rating Tables.
- C. For auto dealer risks, refer to Rule 89 Medical Payments Insurance in Section VI Auto Dealers of this Manual.

No charge shall be made for service or utility trailers.

RULE 31. OPERATOR EXCLUSION FORM

The Servicing Carrier will attach the Operator Exclusion Form, CR 99 01, to the policy in regard to any owner of the business who is not listed as an operator on the application and does not have a valid license, or in other circumstances as requested by the insured. A separate endorsement should be completed for each excluded operator.

RULE 32. RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE.

RULE 33. RENTAL REIMBURSEMENT (COVERAGE CODE 083)

- A. Do not write Rental Reimbursement Coverage for less than 30 days or for a limit of less than \$15 per vehicle per day.
- B. Use Loss of Use/Rental Reimbursement Coverage Endorsement MM 99 39.

C.Refer to the Rate Section for premium development.

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RULE 34. INDIVIDUAL AS THE NAMED INSURED

Endorse a Business Auto Coverage Form covering an individually owned private passenger automobile with the appropriate individual named insured endorsement.

- A. Drive Other Car Coverage is provided at no additional charge if the policy covers:
 - 1. A private passenger automobile not used for public transportation or rented to others without a driver.
 - 2. A pick-up, panel truck or van that is not customarily used in the business of the insured other than for farming or ranching.
 - 3. Use Individual Named Insured Endorsement CA 99 17.
- B. Drive Other Car Coverage is provided for a named insured's spouse at no additional charge if the policy covers an individual named insured auto dealer risk.

RULE 35. UNINSURED MOTORIST INSURANCE

All automobiles subject to the Massachusetts Compulsory Law must be insured for protection against uninsured motorists.

A policy which insures autos registered in Massachusetts, but not subject to the Massachusetts Compulsory Law, must be endorsed to afford Uninsured Motorist Insurance. Use Uninsured Motorist Coverage Endorsement MM 99 28.

Basic limits are \$20,000 per person and \$40,000 per accident. Increased limits are available. This coverage is excess over Personal Injury Protection benefits. The coverage limits may not exceed the bodily injury liability limits of the policy.

The premium shall not be subject to modification under the provisions of any rating plan or subject to the rating procedures of any other manual rule.

No charge shall be made for service or utility trailers.

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RULE 36. UNDERINSURED MOTORIST INSURANCE

This coverage is optional. Basic limits are \$20,000 per person and \$40,000 per accident. Increased limits are available. The coverage limits may not exceed the bodily injury liability limits of the policy.

The premium shall not be subject to modification under the provisions of any rating plan or subject to the rating procedures of any other manual rule.

No charge shall be made for service or utility trailers.

Use Underinsured Motorists Coverage Endorsement MM 99 54.

RULE 37. ADDITIONAL INSURED ENDORSEMENT – MASSACHUSETTS

The Servicing Carrier will attach Additional Insured endorsement form CR 99 02 to the policy, to identify as an insured the person or organization named in the endorsement for whom the risk is performing operations. A written contract or agreement that states that the person or organization be added as an additional insured on the policy must exist between the risk and such person or organization. For coverage to be afforded, the loss must occur after the signing and execution of the contract or agreement, while the contract or agreement is in effect, while operations are ongoing, and prior to the end of the policy period.

RULE 38. FINANCIAL RESPONSIBILITY LAWS - CERTIFICATION

- A. If the named insured or any person covered by the policy is required to certify that the policy complies with a financial responsibility law, an additional charge is required for each filing.
- B. Premium Calculation
 - 1. To compute the additional premium, determine the premiums to be charged for Bodily Injury Liability, Property Damage Liability and any No-Fault Coverage as follows:
 - a. Auto Dealer Risks multiply the premiums for a private passenger type automobile by 2.00 for the highest rated territory in which the named insured does business.
 - b. For all other risk types, determine the premiums for the highest rated automobile owned by the insured.

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- 2. Multiply these premiums by the following factors and add this amount to the policy premium.
 - a. 0.50 for the first three years following a conviction for driving while intoxicated, hit and run, homicide or assault with an automobile.
 - b. 0.25 for the first three years following a conviction for speeding or reckless driving that causes injury to a person or damage to property.
 - c. 0.05 applies after the third year following a conviction described in B.2.a. or B.2.b. of this Rule.
 - d. 0.05 for any other reason requiring a filing.

RULE 39. EMPLOYERS SUBJECT TO MASSACHUSETTS WORKERS' COMPENSATION ACT

An automobile owned by an employer subject to the Massachusetts Worker's Compensation Law not used at any time to transport persons other than employees of the named insured shall be eligible for a 25% reduction in the personal injury protection premium otherwise applicable. The policy covering an automobile to which this reduction applies must be accompanied by the endorsement titled Restriction of Personal Injury Protection for Employers Subject to the Massachusetts Workers' Compensation Act Endorsement MM 99 20.

RULE 40. INCREASED LIABILITY LIMITS

- A. The premiums on the rate pages are for coverages A-1 and B basic limits of \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident Bodily Injury and \$5,000 Property Damage.
- B. Most limits are displayed on the rate pages. For limits not shown, refer to the Rate Section for Increased Limit Factors Tables. To develop Bodily Injury increased limits, refer to the Rate Section for rating procedures.

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RULE 41. COMBINED SINGLE LIMIT LIABILITY COVERAGE

- A. Optional Bodily Injury and Property Damage Liability Coverages are available on a combined single limit basis at the option of the insured.
- B. The premium for a combined single limit shall be calculated as follows:
 - 1. Using normal rating procedures, determine the bodily injury and property damage rate at split limits equal to the desired single limit.
 - 2. Determine the discount factor from the Single Limit Discount Table.

Single Limit	Discount Factor
\$ 45,000 - \$49,000	.896
\$ 50,000 - \$99,000	.900
\$100,000 or over	.910

SINGLE LIMIT DISCOUNT TABLE

- 3. Apply the discount factor to the total bodily injury or property damage premium whichever is lower, and add the discounted premium to the higher premium.
- 4. All premium adjustments made during a policy period because of additions and deletions of exposure shall be calculated by applying the discount to the bodily injury or property damage rate, whichever was lower at inception of policy.

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EXAMPLE (TTT Light)

SINGLE LIMIT \$500,000

Coverage	Basic Limits Premium	Factors for *\$500,000/\$500,000 B.I. \$500,000 P.D.	Total Limits Premium for Separate Limits	Application of Discount	Single Limit Premium
B.I. P.D.	\$ 710 860	3.89 1.721	\$ 2,762 1,480	x .91	\$ 2,762 <u>1,347</u> \$4,109

Cov. A-1, \$ 618 and Cov. B Basic, \$ 92 = \$ 710 PDL Basic, \$ 860

*Refer to the Increased Limit Factors Tables contained in the Rate Section for the appropriate factors by automobile type.

RULE 42. PHYSICAL DAMAGE COVERAGE RATING PROCEDURES

Physical damage coverages are on an actual cash value, stated amount or agreed value basis.

A. Massachusetts law sets a standard \$500 deductible which may be reduced to a minimum of \$300, subject to underwriting requirements established by the Servicing Carrier, as permitted by law.

The cost to reduce the deductible from \$500 is subject to primary and secondary rating factors. If a rate is a percentage or factor of another rate, the same percentage or factor shall apply to the cost to reduce the deductible.

B. Waiver of Deductible is available at the option of the insured. Use Waiver of Deductible – Massachusetts Endorsement MM 99 17.

Unless otherwise specified, the charge for Waiver of Deductible is not subject to primary or secondary rating factors, percentages or factors.

C. Actual Cash Value Premiums.

Most automobiles rated in this Manual are insured on an actual cash value basis.

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- 1. Actual cash value premiums are based on original cost new and age group of the automobile.
- 2. Original Cost New
 - a. Original cost new is the retail cost the original purchaser paid for the automobile and its equipment. This includes the value of any trade-in automobile and any federal, state, and local sales taxes or any other taxes charged in place of sales taxes.
 - b. If the original cost new is not known, multiply the original cost new of the chassis by 1.33.
- 3. Age Group

a.

Age Group	
and Code	All automobiles of the:
1	current model year
2	first preceding model year
3	second preceding model year
4	third preceding model year
5	fourth preceding model year
6	fifth preceding model year
7	sixth preceding model year
8	seventh preceding model year
9	All other automobiles.

- b. The current model year changes October 1, regardless of the actual date the models are introduced.
- c. For rebuilt or structurally altered automobiles, the age of the chassis determines the age of the automobile.
- D. Stated Amount Rating Procedures
 - 1. The following procedures are applicable for developing stated amount rates for all physical damage coverages:
 - a. Determine the actual cash value premium for age group 1 for the automobile, original cost new and deductible in the appropriate territory.

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b. Divide the actual cash value premium by the stated amount divisor and round the determined figure to the nearest cent.

Original Cost New		Divisor
\$ 0 -	4,500	22.5
4,501 -	6,000	52.5
6,001 -	8,000	70.0
8,001 -	10,000	90.0
10,001 -	15,000	125.0
15,001 -	20,000	175.0
20,001 -	25,000	225.0
25,001 -	40,000	325.0
40,001 -	65,000	525.0
65,001 -	90,000	775.0
90,001 -	and over	1080.0

STATED AMOUNT DIVISORS

- 2. Determination of Premium
 - a. Trucks, Tractors and Trailers

Determine the value of the automobile and divide by \$100. Apply the stated amount rate to this value to determine the base premium. The base premium must be modified by the appropriate primary rating factor and, when applicable, by the secondary rating factor.

b. Van Pools

Determine the value of the automobile and divide by \$100. Apply the stated amount rate to this value to determine the base premium. This base premium must be modified by the applicable van pool rating factor.

c. Private Passenger Types

Determine the value of the automobile and divide by \$100. Apply the stated amount rate to this value to determine the stated amount premium.

d. Use Stated Amount Insurance Endorsement MM 99 56.

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E. Agreed Value Basis

Physical Damage Coverages may be written on an agreed value basis which provides that in determining the actual cash value of an automobile to be insured, no deduction shall be made to reduce the value of the automobile to less than the agreed value in the event of a loss. Agreed value means the value of the automobile as determined by agreement between the insurer and the policyholder. As a condition to this coverage, the insurer shall be permitted to inspect the automobile at the time of application. The following procedures apply when rating this coverage:

- 1. An appraisal is to be made to establish the current market value of the automobile. The cost of said appraisal shall be borne by the policyholder.
- 2. Multiply the stated amount premium obtained by a factor of 110%.
- 3. Use Agreed Value Coverage Endorsement MM 99 66.

RULE 43. VEHICLE SHARING PROGRAM EXCLUSION ENDORSEMENT

The Servicing Carrier will attach the Vehicle Sharing Program Exclusion endorsement form CR 99 05 to all policies. A vehicle sharing program means an online-enabled application or digital network used to connect owners of commercially insured vehicles with business entities or others seeking to rent those vehicles.

RULE 44. PUBLIC OR LIVERY PASSENGER CONVEYANCE AND ON-DEMAND DELIVERY SERVICES EXCLUSION ENDORSEMENT

The Servicing Carrier will attach the Public or Livery Passenger Conveyance and On-Demand Delivery Services Exclusion Form CA 23 45 to all policies, except those policies providing coverage for public automobiles classified in accordance with Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual.

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RULE 45. AUDIO, VISUAL AND DATA ELECTRONIC EQUIPMENT

- A. This rule does not apply to equipment permanently installed in the opening of the dash or console of the automobile normally used by the manufacturer for the installation of a radio.
- B. Use Audio, Visual And Data Electronic Equipment Fire, Police and Emergency Vehicles Endorsement CA 20 02 to remove without charge the exclusion relating to audio, visual and data electronic equipment when the policy insures:
 - 1. police department automobiles,
 - 2. fire department automobiles,
 - 3. emergency automobiles owned by local, state, or federal governments or by volunteer fire departments, rescue squads or ambulance corps operations.
- C. In all other cases, coverage for loss of or damage to audio, visual and data electronic equipment is available if the equipment is permanently installed in the owned automobile.
- D. Physical Damage Coverage may be increased using Audio, Visual And Data Electric Equipment Coverage Added Limits Endorsement CA 99 60. The limit of insurance in this endorsement is in addition to the sublimit for each equipment contained in the Coverage Form.
- E.Refer to the Common Coverages rate pages in the Rate Section for premium development.

RULE 46. POLLUTION LIABILITY

A. Coverage for bodily injury or property damage arising out of the discharge of pollutants that are being transported or towed by, loaded onto, or unloaded from or, with the exception of certain fuels, stored, disposed of, treated or processed in or upon a covered automobile is excluded under the Business Auto and Auto Dealers Coverage Forms. Massachusetts Mandatory Endorsement MM 99 11 and Auto Dealers MA Mandatory Endorsement MM 25 01 modify this exclusion by applying the exclusion to damages payable for bodily injury or property damage that exceed limits of \$35,000 per person, \$80,000 per accident for Bodily Injury and \$5,000 for Property Damage.

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B. Pollution Liability – Broadened Coverage for Covered Automobiles

Business Auto and Auto DealersCoverage Forms shall be endorsed at the option of the insured to delete that part of the pollution exclusion relating to the discharge of pollutants which are being transported or towed by, handled for movement into, onto, or from, the covered automobile, or otherwise in the course of transit by or on behalf of the insured. This extension of coverage does not apply to liability assumed under any contract or agreement. Attach endorsement MM 99 55 for Business Auto Form, and MM 25 96 for Auto Dealers Coverage Form.

C. Auto Dealers Total Pollution Exclusion

To exclude all pollution liability except for Bodily Injury arising out of smoke, fumes, vapor or soot from equipment used to heat, cool or dehumidify the building, or equipment used to heat water for personal use by the building occupants or their guests, and bodily injury and property damage arising out of heat, smoke or fumes from a hostile fire use Auto Dealers Coverage Form – General Liability Coverage – Total Pollution Exclusion with a Building Heating Equipment Exception and a Hostile Fire Exception CA 25 36.

D. Classes of Pollutants

Pollutants that are contained in any property that is being transported or towed by, or handled for movement into, onto, or from, covered automobiles are classed as follows:

- 1. Property (Non-Hazardous)
- 2. Hazardous substances as defined in 49 CFR 171.8 transported in cargo tanks, portable tanks, or hopper-type vehicles with capacities in excess of 3,500 water gallons; or in bulk Class A or B explosives, poison gas (Poison A), liquefied compressed gas or compressed gas; or highway route controlled radioactive materials as defined in 49 CFR 173.455.
- 3. Oil listed in 49 CFR 172.101; hazardous waste, hazardous materials and hazardous substances defined in 49 CFR 171.8 and listed in 49 CFR 172.101, but not mentioned in Section C.2. or Section C.4. of this Rule.

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- 4. Any quantity of Class A or B explosives; any quantity of poison gas (Poison A); or highway route controlled quantity radioactive materials as defined in 49 CFR 173.455.
- E. Premium Development
 - 1. Business Auto
 - a. Owned Automobiles
 - (1) Charge an additional 4% of the otherwise applicable compulsory bodily injury, optional bodily injury and property damage premium at policy limits for each covered automobile transporting any substance described in Section C.1. of this Rule.
 - (2) Charge an additional 9% of the otherwise applicable compulsory bodily injury, optional bodily injury and property damage premium at policy limits for each covered automobile transporting any substance described in Section C.3. of this Rule.
 - (3) Charge an additional 24% of the otherwise applicable compulsory bodily injury, optional bodily injury and property damage premium at policy limits for each covered automobile transporting any substance described in Sections C.2. or C.4. of this Rule.
 - (4) Where more than one class of pollutants is transported by a covered automobile, apply the charge which develops the highest premium.
 - b. Hired Automobiles

Charge an additional percentage of the otherwise applicable compulsory bodily injury, optional bodily injury, and property damage premium at policy limits for Hired Automobile Coverage. Such percentage is the highest one determined in accordance with Section D.1.a. of this Rule for any covered automobile. Where hired automobiles will transport more than one class of pollutants, apply the charge which develops the highest premium.

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2. Auto Dealers

Charge an additional 4% of the otherwise applicable compulsory bodily injury, optional bodily injury, and property damage premium at policy limits.

RULE 47. LEASED WORKERS COVERAGE

A. Eligibility

Leased worker means a person leased to the named insured by a labor leasing firm under an agreement between the named insured and the labor leasing firm, to perform duties related to the conduct of the named insured's business. A leased worker does not include a temporary worker who is furnished to the named insured to substitute for a permanent employee on leave or to meet seasonal or short-term workload conditions.

B. Use Coverage For Injury To Leased Worker Endorsement CA 23 25 to provide coverage for bodily injury sustained by a leased worker while performing duties related to the conduct of the named insured's business.

RULE 48. ABUSE OR MOLESTATION EXCLUSION

- A. To exclude damages arising out of the actual, alleged or threatened abuse or molestation including, but not limited to, sexual abuse or sexual molestation of any person committed by anyone. Use Abuse or Molestation for Covered Autos Liability Exposure Endorsement CA 28 03.
- B. To exclude damages arising out of the actual, alleged or threatened abuse or molestation, including but not limited to, sexual abuse or sexual molestation, of any person committed by anyone; or the negligent employment, investigation, supervision or retention of a person whom any insured is or ever was legally responsible and whose conduct would be subject to abuse or molestation exclusion of the endorsement use Abuse Or Molestation Exclusion For General Liability And Acts, Errors Or Omissions Liability Coverages Endorsement CA 27 21.

RULE 49. RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE.

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RULE 50. TERRORISM EXCLUSION

To exclude terrorism coverage, attach Exclusion of Terrorism Above Minimum Statutory Limits Endorsement CA 23 86. However, with respect to the Massachusetts Compulsory Auto Insurance coverages described in Rule 3.C, this exclusion applies only to the extent that the limits of these coverages exceed the limits required by law.

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RULE 51. ELIGIBILITY

- A. This section applies to all trucks, including pick-up, panel and van types, truck-tractors, trailers and semitrailers except for the following:
- 1. Automobiles used for public transportation. Refer to Section V Public Transportation of this Manual.
- 2. Automobiles leased or rented to others by leasing or rental concerns. Refer to Rule 120 – Leasing or Rental Concerns in Section VII – Special Types and Operations of this Manual.
- 3. Individually owned pick-ups, panel trucks or vans that are owned or leased under a contract for at least twelve months and that have a gross vehicle weight of 16,000 pounds or less and not used for the delivery or transportation of goods or materials unless such use is incidental to the insured's business of installing, maintaining, or repairing furnishings or equipment.
- 4. Self-propelled automobiles with the following types of permanently attached equipment. Refer to Rule 125 Special or Mobile Equipment in Section VII Special Types and Operations of this Manual.
 - a. Equipment designed primarily for:
 - (1) Snow removal;
 - (2) Road maintenance, but not construction or road resurfacing;
 - (3) Street cleaning;
 - b. Cherry pickers and similar devices mounted on an automobile or truck chassis and used to raise or lower workers;
 - c. Air compressors, pumps and generators, including spraying, welding, building cleaning, geophysical exploration, lighting and well servicing equipment.
- B. Unique rating procedures apply to trucking risks. A trucker is defined as a person, firm or corporation in the business of exclusively or occasionally transporting goods, material or commodities for another, including automobiles used in moving operations. A risk qualifies for the truckers classifications even if it calls itself or advertises as a contractor, building contractor, building material dealer, sand and gravel hauler, or

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some other similar name. Refer to Rule 55 – Premium Development Options for Truckers for premium determination.

RULE 52. TRUCKS, TRACTORS AND TRAILERS CLASSIFICATIONS

The following classification procedures apply for the purpose of determining premiums.

- A. Fleet and Non-Fleet Classifications
 - 1. Fleet Classification

Any risk that has five or more self-propelled automobiles of any type that are under one ownership. For the purpose of assigning this classification, do not include:

- a. automobiles owned by allied or subsidiary interests unless the insured holds a majority financial interest.
- b. mobile equipment insured on a General Liability Policy.
- c. trailers, but apply the fleet classification to the trailers if the risk otherwise is classified as a fleet.
- 2. Non-Fleet Classification

Automobiles for risks that do not qualify for a fleet classification.

Do not change the fleet or non-fleet classification because of mid-term changes in the number of owned automobiles except at the request of the insured. The policy must be cancelled in accordance with Rule 9-Cancellation in Section I-General Rules of this Manual and rewritten as of the effective date of the cancellation.

B. Primary Classifications

The primary classification criteria are the automobile's size, business use and travel radius. These criteria are reflected in the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Primary Classifications Rating Factors and Statistical Codes tables in the Rate Section.

1. Size Class - Automobiles

An automobile's size class is determined based on the vehicle's gross vehicle weight (GVW) or gross combination weight (GCW).

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GVW is the maximum loaded weight for which a single automobile is designed, as specified by the manufacturer.

GCW is the maximum loaded weight for a combination truck-tractor and semitrailer or trailer for which the truck-tractor is designed, as specified by the manufacturer.

- a. Light Trucks -
 - (1) trucks that have a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of 10,000 pounds or less, or
 - (2) buses that have a seating capacity of 1-8 that is determined in accordance with Rule 72.D. – Public Automobile Classifications in Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual
- b. Medium Trucks -
 - (1) trucks that have a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of 10,001-20,000 pounds, or
 - (2) crawler-type trucks, or
 - (3) buses that have a seating capacity of 9-20 that is determined in accordance with Rule 72.D. – Public Automobile Classifications in Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual.
- c. Heavy Trucks -
 - (1) trucks that have a gross vehicle weight (GVW) of 20,001-45,000 pounds, or
 - (2) buses that have a seating capacity of 21-60 that is determined in accordance with Rule 72.D. – Public Automobile Classifications in Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual.
- d. Extra-Heavy Trucks -
 - (1) trucks that have a gross vehicle weight (GVW) over 45,000 pounds, or

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- (2) buses that have a seating capacity of 61 or more that is determined in accordance with Rule 72.D. – Public Automobile Classifications in Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual, that do not otherwise qualify as a public vehicle.
- e. Truck-Tractors a truck-tractor is a motorized automobile with or without body for carrying commodities or materials, equipped with fifth wheel coupling device for semitrailers.
 - (1) Heavy Truck-Tractors truck-tractors that have a gross combination weight (GCW) of 45,000 pounds or less.
 - (2) Extra-Heavy Truck-Tractors truck-tractors that have a gross combination weight (GCW) over 45,000 pounds.
- 2. Size Class Trailers
 - a. Semitrailers a semitrailer is a trailer equipped with fifth wheel coupling device for use with a truck-tractor, with gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) over 3,000 pounds. This includes bogies used to convert containers into semitrailers.
 - b. Trailers any trailer with gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR)over 3,000pounds, other than a semitrailer.
 - c. Service or Utility Trailer any trailer or semitrailer with gross vehicle weight rating (GVWR) of 3,000 pounds or less.
- 3. Business Use Class

If a truck, tractor, or trailer has more than one use, use the classification with the highest use factor for BI and PD from the Primary Classifications Rating Factors and Statistical Codes table in the Rate Section unless 80% or more of the use is in a single lower rated activity. In that case, use the lower rated classification.

a. Service Use – automobiles used for transporting the insured's personnel, tools, equipment, and incidental supplies to or from a job location. This classification is confined to automobiles principally parked at job locations for the majority of the working day or used to transport supervisory personnel between job locations.

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- b. Retail Use automobiles used to pick up property from, or deliver property to individual households.
- c. Commercial Use automobiles used for transporting property other than those automobiles defined as service or retail.
- 4. Radius Class

Determine radius on a straight line from the street address of the automobile's principal garaging. For vehicles that are not eligible for zone rating as described in Section D. of this Rule, classify the risk using the longest radius class unless 80% or more of the automobile's operation is in a single shorter radius class.

- a. Local up to 50 miles the automobile is not operated beyond a radius of 50 miles from the street address where such automobile is principally garaged.
- b. Intermediate 51 to 200 miles the automobile is operated beyond a radius of 50 miles but not beyond a radius of 200 miles from the street address where such automobile is principally garaged.
- c. Long distance over 200 miles the automobile is operated beyond a 200 mile radius from the street address where such automobile is principally garaged.
- C. Secondary Classification

Secondary classifications apply to the following special industry classes, but do not affect the premiums for zone rated policies or premiums for light trucks and trailers used with light trucks. Where more than one secondary rating factor applies, classify the automobile using the secondary classification with the largest secondary adjustment unless 80% or more of the use is in a single secondary classification with a lower secondary adjustment. In that case, classify the automobile using the secondary classification associated with the smaller adjustment.

There are ten general categories for secondary classifications:

1. Manufacturers – Automobiles used to transport raw materials and finished or unfinished goods manufactured, processed or constructed by the insured, except food manufacturers.

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- 2. Truckers Automobiles used to haul or transport goods, materials, or commodities for another, other than automobiles used in moving operations.
- 3. Food Delivery Automobiles used by food manufacturers to transport raw and finished products or used in wholesale distribution of food.
- 4. Specialized Delivery Automobiles used in deliveries subject to time and similar constraints.
- 5. Waste Disposal Automobiles transporting salvage and waste material for disposal or resale.
- 6. Farmers Automobiles owned by a farmer, used in connection with the operation of his own farm occasionally used to haul commodities for other farmers.
- 7. Dump and Transit Mix Trucks and Trailers
- 8. Contractors (Other than Dump Trucks)
- 9. Logging and Lumbering
- 10. Petroleum Business Automobiles used to transport petroleum and petroleum products such as gasoline and fuel oil.

Refer to the Secondary Classification table in the Rate Section to determine rating factors and statistical codes.

D. Geographic Classification

An automobile classified under this rule is subject to zone rating if the automobile is regularly operated beyond a 200 mile radius from the street address of principal garaging. Any risk that does not satisfy the conditions for zone rating, including all risks comprised of light trucks and trailers used with light trucks, are not subject to zone rating.

1. Non-Zone Rated Automobiles - Determination of Rating Territory

For risks that are not subject to zone rating, rating territory is determined based upon the street address of principal garaging, in accordance with Rule 21 – Residence and Location of Section II – Common Coverages of this Manual.

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2. Zone Rated Automobiles – Determination of Zone, Zone of Principal Garaging, Zone Combination, and Zone Combination Code

For risks that are subject to zone rating, determine the zone, zone of principal garaging, zone combination, and zone combination code for each automobile as follows:

a. Zone

Use the Long Distance Zone Definitions tables in the Rate Section to identify the metropolitan and/or regional zones that will be used for determining zone combination as described in Section D.2.c. of this Rule and zone combination code as described in Section D.2.d. of this Rule.

- b. Zone of Principal Garaging
 - 1) If the automobile is principally garaged in any of the metropolitan zones identified in the Long Distance Zone Definitions table (either zone 03 (Boston) or any other metropolitan zone outside of Massachusetts), assign zone 03 as the zone of the automobile's principal garaging.
 - If the automobile is principally garaged in any of the regional zones identified in the Long Distance Zone Definitions table (either zone 49 (New England) or any other regional zone), assign zone 49 as the zone of the automobile's principal garaging.
- c. Zone Combination
 - 1) When an automobile is principally garaged in a regional zone and operates from terminals in that zone and in one or more metropolitan zones, the zone combination is the regional zone and the metropolitan zone that is farthest away from the automobile's principal garaging.
 - 2) In all other situations, the zone combination is the zone of principal garaging and the zone of the terminal included in the automobile's operations that is farthest away from the automobile's principal garaging.

A terminal is any point at which an automobile regularly loads or unloads. It is not limited to a terminal facility which the insured owns and operates.

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d. Zone Combination Code

To identify the zone combination code that will be used for statistical reporting purposes, refer to the applicable Zone Rating Table in the Rate Section based upon whether the automobile's zone of principal garaging, as determined in Section D.2.b., is zone 03 (zone combination codes 2XX) or zone 49 (zone combination codes 9XX). The tables provide liability base premiums and physical damage factors for each zone combination and identify the applicable zone combination codes.

Refer to the following examples for determining zone combination and zone combination code:

Examples:

 The automobile is principally garaged in Worcester, Massachusetts (regional zone 49 – New England) and its operations include terminals in Utica, New York (regional zone 48 – Eastern) and Hartford, Connecticut (metropolitan zone 12 – Hartford). In accordance with Sections D.2.b.2) and D.2.c.1) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 49 (the automobile is principally garaged in a regional zone) and 12 (the metropolitan zone that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 49 (New England) or Other Regional Zones). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 912.

 The automobile is principally garaged in Albany, New York (regional zone 48 – Eastern) and its operations include terminals in Boston, Massachusetts (metropolitan zone 03 – Boston) and Hartford, Connecticut (metropolitan zone 12 – Hartford). In accordance with Sections D.2.b.2) and D.2.c.1) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 49 (the automobile is principally garaged in a regional zone) and 03 (the metropolitan zone that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

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To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 49). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 903.

3. The automobile is principally garaged in Springfield, Massachusetts (regional zone 49 – New England) and its operations include a terminal in Bangor, Maine (regional zone 49 – New England). In accordance with Sections D.2.b.2) and D.2.c.2) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 49 (the zone in which the automobile is principally garaged is a regional zone) and 49 (the zone of the terminal included in the automobile's operations that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 49 (New England) or Other Regional Zone). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 949.

4. The automobile is principally garaged in Boston, Massachusetts (metropolitan zone 03 – Boston) and its operations include terminals in New York City (metropolitan zone 26 – New York City) and Utica, New York (regional zone 48 – Eastern). In accordance with Sections D.2.b.1) and D.2.c.2) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 03 (the zone in which the automobile is principally garaged is a metropolitan zone) and 48 (the zone of the terminal included in the automobile's operations that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 03 (Boston) or Other Metropolitan Zone). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 248.

 The automobile is principally garaged in New York City (metropolitan zone 26 – New York City) and operates in Atlanta, Georgia (metropolitan zone 01 – Atlanta) and in Tallahassee, Florida (regional zone 47 – Southeast). In

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accordance with Sections D.2.b.1) and D.2.c.2) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 03 (the zone in which the automobile is principally garaged is a metropolitan zone) and 47 (the zone of the terminal included in the automobile's operations that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

To determine the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is in a Metropolitan Zone). According to this table and based upon the established zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 247.

- E. Special Provisions for Certain Risks
 - 1. <u>Truckers</u>. If the business of the insured involves transporting materials or commodities for another, Rule 55 Premium Development Options for Truckers also applies.
 - <u>Transporters of Liquid Products.</u> A policy that covers an automobile used for the bulk transportation of liquid products must exclude accidents resulting from the erroneous delivery of one liquid product for another, or the delivery of any liquid product into the wrong receptacle if the accident occurs after the operations have been completed. Use Wrong Delivery of Liquid Products Endorsement CA 23 05.
 - 3. <u>Amusement Devices</u>. A policy written to cover a commercial automobile, trailer or semitrailer on which an amusement device has been mounted does not provide coverage for the operation of the amusement device. Refer to the General Liability Manual for operations coverage. Use Commercial Automobiles Equipped with Amusement Devices Endorsement MM 23 03.
 - 4. <u>Transporters of Explosives</u>. A policy that covers an automobile used for transporting explosives must exclude coverage for the explosion hazard. Use Explosives Endorsement MM 23 04.
 - 5. <u>Rolling Stores</u>. A policy that covers automobiles including canteens, display rooms and automobiles used for selling products must exclude product liability. Use Rolling Stores Endorsement CA 23 04.

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- 6. Trailers or Semitrailers Used as Showrooms (Class Code 04520)
 - a. To provide liability coverage for trailers or semitrailers used as showrooms or salesrooms, multiply the trailer or semitrailer rating factor by 2.00. The minimum premium per trailer or semitrailer is \$30 for \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident bodily injury and \$5 for \$5,000 property damage. The policy must exclude product liability.
 - b. For medical payments coverage, multiply the private passenger type Medical Payments premium for the territory in which the risk is located by 3.00.
 - c. For physical damage coverages, use the physical damage rates for the trailers or semitrailers respectively.
 - d. Use Rolling Stores Endorsement CA 23 04.
- 7. Trucks, Trailers and Semitrailers Used in Dumping Operations
 - a. Rate automobiles used in dumping operations including ready-mix and mix-in transit cement trucks at the Vehicles Used in Dumping Operations Collision rates from the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section.
 - b. Use those rates regardless of the secondary classification used. The Dump and Transit Mix Trucks and Trailers rating classification applies to hopper-type transporters of dry commodities, which unload through the bottom by gravity and is only used when no other secondary classification applies.
- Operations coverage may not be afforded under the auto policy for special or mobile equipment. Refer to Rule 125 – Special or Mobile Equipment in Section VII – Special Types and Operations of this Manual.

RULE 53. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT – SPECIFIED CAR BASIS – OTHER THAN ZONE RATED AUTOMOBILES

A. Determine the rating territory code from the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section in accordance with the provisions of Rule 52.D.1. – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications.

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B. Determine the Combined Rating Factor

Determine the classification code and the combined rating factor as follows:

- 1. Determine whether the risk is classified as fleet or non-fleet according to Rule 52 Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications.
- 2. Determine the primary rating factor from the applicable Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Primary Classifications Rating Factors and Statistical Codes table in the Rate Section based on size class, business use class and radius class in accordance with Rule 52 – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications.
- 3. Determine the secondary rating factor from the Secondary Classification Table in the Rate Section based on the special industry classification.
- 4. Determine the combined rating factor by adding the secondary rating factor to the primary rating factor.
- C. Premium Computation
 - 1. Liability and Personal Injury Coverages

Use the fleet or non-fleet designation and size class as determined according to Rule 52 – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications and the applicable rating territory to determine the rate for the applicable coverage level from the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers liability rate pages in the Rate Section. Multiply these rates by the combined rating factor determined in accordance with Section B. of this Rule to compute the final premium.

Coverage	Rate Pages to Be Used				
Compulsory BI (A-1) PIP (A-2)			Combined Rating Factor		
Property Damage (PDL)	Trucks, Tractors and		(from Rule 53.B.)		
Optional BI (B)	Trailers	Х		=	Premium
Medical Payments	Liability				
Uninsured Motorist (U-1)			N/A		
Underinsured Motorist (U-2)					

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2. Physical Damage Coverages

The premiums for physical damage coverage reflected in the Rate Section are on an actual cash value basis. For coverage on a stated amount or agreed value basis, refer to Rule 42.D. and E. – Physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

Determine the fleet or non-fleet designation according to Rule 52.A. – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications, the original cost new and age of the automobile to be insured according to Rule 42.C. – Physical Damage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual and the applicable rating territory as determined according to Rule 21 – Residence and Location in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

For collision coverage, use the fleet or non-fleet designation, original cost new, age and rating territory to determine the rate for collision coverage from the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section. The rates for collision coverage are based upon whether the automobile is a truck, truck-tractor or automobile used in dumping operations. Use the truck rates for trailers or semitrailers unless the automobile is used in dumping operations.

For comprehensive coverage, use the fleet or non-fleet designation, original cost new, age and rating territory to determine the \$300 or \$500 deductible rate for other than collision coverage from the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section.

If a higher other than collision deductible is desired, determine the \$500 deductible rate from the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers rate pages and charge the indicated percentage for the deductible desired.

To compute the final physical damage premium, multiply the collision and comprehensive rates by the combined rating factor determined in accordance with Section B. of this Rule. If collision – waiver of deductible coverage exists, add the premium associated with the applicable deductible level to the final collision premium.

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<u>Coverage</u>	Rate Pages to be Used						
Collision	Tal		N/A		Combined Rating Factor (from Rule 53.B.)		
Collision – Waiver of Deductible	Trucks Tractors and Trailers	х	IN/A	X	N/A	=	Premium
Comprehensive	Physical Damage		Percentage for >\$500 Deductible Option (from Physical Damage Rate Pages)		Combined Rating Factor (from Rule 53.B.)		

The premium for limited collision coverage is determined by multiplying the percentage displayed on the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers physical damage rate pages by the final collision premium. Rating procedures for additional limited collision coverage options are also indicated on the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section.

3. Towing and Labor Coverage

a. Eligible vehicle classes are Light and Medium Trucks

b. Refer to the Rate Section for premium.

c. This coverage may be written at limits of \$50 or \$100 for each disablement.

d. The premium is for the period of coverage and not subject to any return.

RULE 54. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT – ZONE RATED AUTOMOBILES

A. Determine Combined Rating Factor

- Determine the classification code and the primary rating factor inaccordance with Rule 53.B. – Premium Development – Specified Car Basis – Other than Zone Rated Automobiles.
- 2. Determine the State Rating Factor

Refer to the Zone Rating Tables section of the rate pages to determine the state rating factor.

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- 3. Determine the combined rating factor by multiplying the primary rating factor determined in A.1. by the state rating factor determined in A.2.
- B. Premium Computation
 - 1. Liability, Personal Injury and Property Damage Coverages
 - a. Use the zone or zone combination as determined according to Rule 52.D.2. – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications to determine the Bodily Injury (\$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident) and \$5,000 Property Damage liability premium from the applicable Zone Rating Table in the Rate Section. Apply the indicated factors to the premium obtained from the applicable Zone Rating Table to compute the base rate.
 - b. Multiply the base rate from B.1.a. by the Combined Rating Factor as determined in A.3 to obtain the final premium.

Coverage	Rate Pages to be Used						
Compulsory BI	\$20,000/\$40,000 Bodily Injury (from the Zone Rating Table)		0.86				
PIP	\$20,000/\$40,000 Bodily Injury (from the Zone Rating Table)		0.04		Combined Rating Factor**		
Property Damage	\$5,000 Property Damage (from the Zone Rating Table)	х	N/A	х	(from Rule 54.A.3.)	_	Premium
Optional BI*	\$20,000/\$40,000 Bodily Injury (from the Zone Rating Table)		0.10				
Medical Payments							
Uninsured Motorist	Trucks, Tractors and Trailers		N/A		N/A		
Underinsured Motorist	Liability						

*Refer to Rule 40 – Increased Liability Limits in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures for determining increased limits.

- 2. Physical Damage Coverages
- a. The premiums for physical damage coverage reflected in the Rate Section are on an actual cash value basis. For coverage on a stated amount or agreed value basis, refer to Rule 42.D. and E. – Physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

^{**}Secondary rating factors do not apply, however, report secondary statistical codes from the Secondary Classification table in the Rate Section.

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- b. Determine \$500 deductible physical damage premium from the applicable Zone Rating Table in the Rate Section for the appropriate zone combination.
- c. Determine Combined Rating Factor
 - Determine the classification code and the primary rating factor in accordance with Rule 53.B. – Premium Development – Specified Car Basis – Other than Zone Rated Automobiles.
 - 2) Determine the State Rating Factor

Refer to the Zone Rating Tables section of the rate pages to determine the state rating factor.

- 3) Determine the combined rating factor by multiplying the primary rating factor from 2.c.(1) by the state rating factor determined in 2.c.(2).
- d. Determine the original cost new and age of the automobile to be insured according to Rule 42.C. Physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.
- e. Multiply the physical damage premium from 2.b. by the original cost new (OCN)/age group relativities, deductible relativities, and combined rating factor. Refer to the Zone Rating Tables – Physical Damage in Rate Section for the OCN/Age Group and deductible relativities.
- f. For collision rates for truck-tractors and vehicles used in dumping operations, refer to the Premium Development in the Zone Rating Tables Physical Damage section.
- g. Add the premium for collision waiver of deductible, if applicable. Use the collision waiver of deductible for trucks, tractors and trailers with the applicable deductible level. For vehicles principally garage outside of Massachusetts, use the highest rated territory as shown on the trucks, tractors, and trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section.

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h. The premium for limited collision coverage is determined by multiplying the percentage displayed on the trucks, tractors, and trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section by the final collision premium.

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Rate Pages</u> to be Used						
Collision	\$500 Deductible Premium (from	x	Collision Relativity (OCN/Age Group Relativity X Deductible Relativity)	X	Combined Rating Factor*	_	Premium
Comprehensive	Zone Rating Table)	Λ	Comprehensive Relativity (OCN/Age Group Relativity X Deductible Relativity)	Λ	(from Rule 54.B.2.c.)	_	Fremium

* Secondary rating factors do not apply, however, report secondary statistical codes from the Secondary Classification table in the Rate Section.

RULE 55. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT OPTIONS FOR TRUCKERS

Rate automobiles transporting exclusively for one concern on the same basis as though owned by such concern for both territory and classification.

A. Specified Car Basis

Truckers may be written on a specified car basis with premiums calculated according to Rule 53 – Premium Development – Specified Car Basis – Other than Zone Rated Automobiles or Rule 54 – Premium Development – Zone Rated Automobiles.

In addition to rating on a specified car basis, a trucker may also be rated on the following bases provided it meets the coverage and risk criteria.

B. Cost of Hire Basis (Class Code 66130, Minimum Premium Class Code 66190)

A trucking risk may be written on the cost of hire basis to cover its liability because of a contract involving the hire of trucks, tractors and trailers. Coverage written on a cost of hire basis is subject to audit.

1. Determine the total cost of hiring the automobiles. If automobiles are hired without operators, include the wages of the operators of such automobiles subject to an average weekly maximum of \$100 per operator.

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- 2. Determine the average specified car rate by:
 - Computing the premium for all automobiles, including trailers or semitrailers owned and leased by the insured that are used in trucking operations according to Rule 53 – Premium Development – Specified Car Basis – Other than Zone Rated Automobiles or Rule 54 – Premium Development – Zone Rated Automobiles.
 - (2) Dividing this by the number of trucks and truck-tractors owned and leased by the insured.
- 3. The cost of hire rate is determined by multiplying the average specified car rate by .0033.
- 4. Compute the advance premium by multiplying each \$100 of the total amount estimated for the cost of hire during the policy period by the cost of hire rate.
- 5. Compute the earned premium at the rates in force at the inception of the policy, in the same manner as the advance premium.
- 6. If the Servicing Carrier which insures the owned automobiles of the risk also insures the hired automobiles of the risk, the minimum premium shall be \$17 for \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident bodily injury and \$4 for \$5,000 property damage. Otherwise the minimum premium shall be the average applicable specified car rate.
- C. Bobtail Operations (Class Code 74890)

Liability and no-fault coverages may be limited to non-trucking use when the automobiles are not rented, nor used for business purposes to carry property or to haul someone else's trailers. Use Motor Carriers – Insurance for Non-Trucking Use MM 23 07.

- 1. Liability, Personal Injury and Property Damage Coverages
 - a. For non-zone rated bobtails, use the size class determined according to Rule 52.B. Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications and the applicable rating territory to determine the non-fleet rate for the desired coverage level from the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers liability rate pages in the Rate Section.
 - b. For zone rated bobtails, compute the premiums for these coverages in accordance with Rule 52 Trucks, Tractors and

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Trailers Classifications and Rule 54 – Premium Development – Zone Rated Automobiles, as appropriate. Refer to Zone Rating Tables section.

2. Physical Damage Coverages

Compute the premiums for these coverages in accordance with Rule 52–Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications, Rule 53–Premium Development – Specified Car Basis – Other than Zone Rated Automobiles, and Rule 54 – Premium Development – Zone Rated Automobiles, as appropriate.

D. Trailer Interchange Agreement (Class Code 99320)

Coverage may be provided for the insured's legal liability for physical damage to trailers not owned by them but in their possession under a trailer interchange agreement.

For trailer interchange agreements involving Uniform Intermodal Interchange and Facilities Access (UIIA) Agreements attach Truckers -Uniform Intermodal Interchange Endorsement CA 23 17.

The Motor Carrier Endorsement CA 23 30 provides Comprehensive, Collision and Specified Causes of Loss Coverage. To provide only Fire and Fire and Theft Coverage use Trailer Interchange – Fire and Fire and Theft Coverage Endorsement CA 23 13.

- 1. Premium Determination
 - a. If there is an even interchange of non-owned trailers and owned trailers with insurance ceasing when the owned trailers are in the possession of others, there is no additional premium charge as the company's total liability remains constant.
 - b. If the insurance on owned trailers remains in force when in the possession of others, the premiums for coverage for non-owned trailers are determined as follows and subject to a \$25.00 minimum premium charge:
 - Determine the trailer's radius class while in the possession of the insured according to Rule 52 – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications.
 - (2) Use the radius class to determine the daily per trailer base rate for the selected limit of liability coverage from the Trailer Interchange Agreement Rates Table in the Rate Section.

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- (3) For liability limits over \$20,000, multiply the additional charge displayed on the Trailer Interchange Agreement Rates Table by the number of each \$1,000 or fraction of \$1,000 of coverage over \$20,000. Add this amount to the rate for the \$20,000 limit of liability shown in the table.
- (4) Multiply the daily per trailer rates by the physical damage factors determined from the Zone Rating Factors table for calculating Trailer Interchange Agreement Premium as follows:
 - (a) Local and intermediate radius use the Zone Rating Factors table for where the risk is principally garaged and the zone combination for that zone. For example, the factors for a risk principally garaged in Boston are those shown in the Boston row on the Zone 03 (Metropolitan) Zone Rating Factors table.
 - (b) Long Distance determine the factors according to Rule 54 Premium Development Zone Rated Automobiles.
- (5) Multiply this amount by the number of days for which insurance is provided.
- (6) The following is an example of the premium calculation for an intermediate radius risk principally garaged in Boston insuring 10 trailers for \$500 deductible Comprehensive Coverage, \$12,000 limit of liability, for 20 days.
 - (a) Daily per trailer base rate \$ 0.048
 - (b) Rating factor for Comprehensive from Zone Rating Factors table, as determined in Section D.1.b.(4) of this Rule – 1.58
 - (c) Rate per day $-(\$ 0.048 \times 1.58) = \$ 0.076$
 - (d) Total premium ($0.076 \times 10 \text{ trailers } \times 20 \text{ days}$) = 15.20
- c. If the insured leases from others more trailers than leased to others with the insurance on the owned trailers ceasing when in the possession of others, the premiums are calculated on the difference between the number of non-owned and owned trailers.

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RULE 61. ELIGIBILITY

- A. Automobiles of the private passenger, SUV, or station wagon type that are owned or leased under contract for a continuous period of at least twelve months by (1) partnerships, (2) corporations, (3) unincorporated business associations, or (4) other legal business entities with a federal employer identification number. This section does not apply to:
 - 1. Automobiles that are used as a public livery or conveyance. Refer to Section V Public Transportation of this Manual.
 - 2. Automobiles that are rented to others without a driver. Refer to Rule 120 Leasing or Rental Concerns in Section VII Special Types and Operations of this Manual.

RULE 62. PRIVATE PASSENGER TYPES CLASSIFICATIONS

- A. Fleet and Non-Fleet Classifications
 - 1. Classify as fleet (class codes 73980 or 19980) any risk that has five or more self-propelled automobiles of any type that are under one ownership. For the purposes of assigning this classification, do not include:
 - a. automobiles owned by allied or subsidiary interests unless the insured holds a majority financial interest
 - b. mobile equipment insured on a General Liability Policy
 - c. trailers
 - 2. Classify as non-fleet (class code 73910) automobiles of any other risk.

Do not change the fleet or non-fleet classification because of midterm changes in the number of owned automobiles except at the request of the insured. The policy must be cancelled in accordance with Rule 9-Cancellation in Section I-General Rules of this Manual and rewritten as of the effective date of the cancellation.

B. Geographic Classification

Determine the principal place of garaging in accordance with Rule 21 – Residence and Location in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

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C. Leased automobiles that qualify as private passenger types under the provisions of Rule 61 – Eligibility should be classified and rated based on the use of the vehicle by the lessee regardless of whether coverage is provided by the owner or the lessee of the vehicle.

RULE 63. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT

- A. Determine the classification code as follows:
 - 1. Determine whether the risk is classified as fleet or non-fleet according to Rule 62.A. Private Passenger Types Classifications.

Refer to the Servicing Carrier for determining the premium for risks classified as non-fleet.

- 2. Determine the rating territory from the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section.
- B. Liability and Personal Injury Coverages

For risks classified as fleet, as determined in Section A., refer to the Rate Section for the following coverages for each private passenger type automobile:

- 1. Compulsory Bodily Injury Liability
- 2. Personal Injury Protection
- 3. Property Damage Liability
- 4. Optional Bodily Injury Liability
- 5. Medical Payments
- 6. Uninsured Motorists Insurance
- 7. Underinsured Motorists Insurance
- C. Physical Damage
 - Determine the original cost new and age of each automobile to be insured according to Rule 42.C. – Physical Damage Coverage and Rating Procedures of Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual and use the automobile's fleet or non-fleet designation and rating territory from Section A. to obtain the actual cash value premiums for comprehensive, collision and limited

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collision coverage from the Private Passenger Types rate pages in the Rate Section.

- 2. The premium for fire, theft, and combined additional coverage is obtained by multiplying the applicable percentage shown on the Private Passenger Types physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section by the comprehensive premium as determined in Section C.1.
- 3. Premiums for towing and labor coverage are shown on the Private Passenger Types rate pages in the Rate Section.
- D. Premiums for Coverage Limits or Deductibles Not Shown on the Rate Pages

To determine premiums for coverage limits or deductibles not shown on the Private Passenger Types rate pages, apply the appropriate limit factor or deductible factor to the premiums from the Private Passenger Types rate pages in the Rate Section.

Coverage	<u>Rate Pages</u> to be Used		Factor to be Applied		
Compulsory BI (20/40)			N/A		
⁽¹⁾ Optional BI (20/40)	Private Passenger Types Liability		Increased Limit Factor from Private Passenger Types Rate Pages		
Property Damage (\$5,000)	Types Liability	Х	Increased Limit Factor from Private Passenger Types Rate Pages	=	Premium
⁽²⁾ Collision (\$500 Deductible)	Private Passenger		Higher Deductible Factor		
⁽²⁾ Comprehensive (\$500 Deductible)	Types Physical Damage		Higher Deductible Factor		

⁽¹⁾ Refer to Rule 40 – Increased Liability Limits in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual for determining Increased Limits

⁽²⁾ For collision, limited collision or comprehensive deductibles lower than \$500, add the amounts indicated on the Private Passenger Types rate pages in the Rate Section to the otherwise applicable \$500 premium.

RULE 64. PREMIUMS FOR STATED AMOUNT OR AGREED AMOUNT COVERAGE

To determine comprehensive or collision premiums for coverage provided on a stated amount or agreed amount basis, refer to Rule 42 – Physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

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RULE 65. TOWING AND LABOR COST

The annual premium shown on the Private Passenger Type rate pages in the Rate Section is applicable regardless of the period of coverage or term of the policy.

RULES 66 - 70 RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE.

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RULE 71. ELIGIBILITY

This section applies to automobiles registered or used as public livery or conveyance, including automobiles engaging in public livery and ondemand delivery services through a transportation or delivery network services company. When insuring public automobiles, use Public Transportation Autos Endorsement CA 24 02.

RULE 72. PUBLIC AUTOMOBILE CLASSIFICATIONS

If an automobile has more than one use, use the highest rated classification unless 80% or more of the use is in a single lower rated activity. In that case, use the lower rated classification.

Classify public automobiles as follows:

- A. Fleet and Non-Fleet Classifications
 - 1. Fleet Classification

Any risk that has five or more self-propelled automobiles of any type that are under one ownership. For the purpose of assigning this classification, do not include:

- a. automobiles owned by allied or subsidiary interests unless the insured holds a majority financial interest
- b. mobile equipment insured on a General Liability Policy
- c. trailers, but apply the fleet classification to the trailers if the risk otherwise is classified as a fleet.
- 2. Non-Fleet Classification

Automobiles for risks that do not qualify for a fleet classification.

Do not change the fleet or non-fleet classification because of midterm changes in the number of owned automobiles except at the request of the insured. The policy must be cancelled in accordance with Rule 9 – Cancellation in Section I – General Rules of this Manual and rewritten as of the effective date of the cancellation.

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B. Primary Classifications

The primary classification codes assigned to public vehicles are determined based upon the automobile's use and radius class with the exception of van pools which use seating capacity in determining classification. Refer to the Public Transportation Classification Codes and Primary Rating Factors table in the Rate Section.

- 1. Use Class
 - a. *Taxicab or Similar Passenger Carrying Service* a metered or unmetered automobile with a seating capacity of eight or less that is operated for hire by or on behalf of the named insured or by an employee, but does not pick up, transport, or discharge passengers along a route.
 - (1) Owner-Operator

This classification shall apply to individual owners of single taxicabs operated by the individual owner or spouse. It shall also apply to individuals owning under a corporate name a single taxicab operated by such individual or spouse.

(2) Rented or Leased Taxi

A taxi which is not operated by the named insured or an employee of the named insured in attendance as a chauffeur, and is rented or leased to others on a long term or short term agreement, or on a time, commission, profit-sharing, or other independent contractor basis.

If such automobile is operated part of the time by the named insured or an employee of the named insured, and is rented or leased to others part of the time as stated above, it shall be classified as a Rented or Leased Taxi.

For the purpose of this classification, an employee is defined as one who is deemed to be such within the purview of the Massachusetts Worker's Compensation Law, or any other federal, state or municipal law which defines an employeremployee relationship and is applicable to the person operating the automobile.

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(3) All Other

This classification shall apply in all other cases where Sections B.1.a.(1) or (2) of this Rule do not apply.

- b. *Limousine* an unmarked luxury sedan with a seating capacity of eight or less that is operated for hire which
 - (1) is hired on a prearranged hourly basis for weddings, funerals, religious ceremonies or other non-business social functions,
 - (2) is hired on an exclusive, dedicated basis for the duration of the event, not for drop-off and pick-up,
 - (3) is operated by the named insured, an employee, or an independent contractor of the named insured, in attendance as a chauffeur at the beginning and ending of the function.
- c. *Car Service* an unmarked for hire automobile with a seating capacity of eight or less which
 - (1) is hired on a prearranged basis,
 - (2) does not pick up hail fares on the street,
 - (3) does not contain a rate meter, and does not charge for services based upon miles traveled if the trip is less than 25 miles,
 - (4) operates on a scheduled business day, and is returned to the automobile's base of operation for a continuous period of at least four hours in each 24-hour period,
 - (5) is operated by the named insured, an employee, or an independent contractor of the named insured, in attendance as a chauffeur,
 - (6) operates from a base with two-way communication,
 - (7) primary payment method is by billing or credit card,
 - (8) may be under contract with a regional transit authority where transportation services are paid for by the individual requesting the services. For services contracted and paid

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for by a social service agency, classify the automobile in accordance with Section B.1.f.(7) of this Rule.

- (9) may be under contract with a transportation network or delivery network services company.
- d. *School Bus* an automobile that carries students or other persons to and from school, or in any school activity including games, outings and similar school trips. There are two types of school buses for rating purposes:
 - 1. School buses owned by political subdivisions or school districts.
 - 2. All others including independent contractors, private schools and church owned buses.

The collision premium on a policy written on an annual term may be prorated to reflect the actual school term. However, credit shall not be given for Saturdays, Sundays or holidays or for any other periods of lay-up during the school term.

- e. *Church Bus* an automobile used by a church to transport persons to or from services and other church related activities. This classification does not apply to public automobiles used primarily for daily school activities.
- f. Other Buses
 - (1) *Inter-City Bus* an automobile that picks up and transports passengers on a published schedule of stops between stations located in two or more towns or cities.
 - (2) Urban Bus an automobile that picks up, transports and discharges passengers at frequent local stops along a prescribed route. This classification applies only to automobiles operated principally within the limits of a city or town, and communities contiguous to such city or town, and includes scheduled express service between points on that route.
 - (3) Airport Bus or Airport Limousine an automobile for hire that transports passengers between airports and other passenger stations, or motels. Automobiles used to transport passengers from their home or place of

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employment to or from an airport should be classified according to Sections B.1.a.– c. of this Rule, as appropriate.

- (4) Charter Bus an automobile chartered for special trips, touring, picnics, outings, games, and similar uses.
- (5) *Sightseeing Bus* an automobile accepting individual passengers for a fare for sightseeing or guided tours, making occasional stops at certain points of interest and returning the passengers to the point of origin.
- (6) *Transportation of Athletes and Entertainers* an automobile owned by a group, firm or organization that transports its own professional athletes, musicians, or other entertainers.
 - (a) If it is used to transport other professional athletes or entertainers, rate as a Charter Bus.
 - (b) An automobile owned by a group, firm or organization to transport its own non-professional athletes, musicians or entertainers, rate as Bus Not Otherwise Classified.
- (7) Social Service Agency Automobile an automobile used by a government entity, civic, charitable or social service organization to provide transportation to clients incidental to the social services sponsored by the organization, including special trips and outings.

This classification includes, for example, automobiles used to transport

- (a) senior citizens or other clients to meal centers, medical facilities, social functions, shopping centers,
- (b) handicapped persons to work or rehabilitative programs,
- (c) children to day care center, Head Start programs; and
- (d) Boy Scout or Girl Scout groups planned activities.

The following automobiles are eligible for this classification:

- (a) Automobiles owned, or leased for one year or more, by the social service agency.
- (b) Automobiles donated to the social service agency, without a driver.
- (c) Automobiles hired under contract by the social service agency.

There are two types of Social Services Bus for rating purposes:

(a) Employee-Operated Automobiles

Automobiles operated by employees of the social service agency. If a social service automobile is also operated by volunteer drivers or other non-agency employees, do not classify the automobile as Employee-Operated unless 80% of the use is by agency employees.

(b) All Other

Automobiles which do not meet the employee-operated automobile classification requirements.

Excess Liability Coverage may be provided to cover automobiles not owned or licensed by the agency while being used in its social service transportation activities. This coverage may be extended to cover the agency's liability only or the liability of both the agency and, on a blanket basis, the individual liability of agency employees or volunteer donors or owners of the automobiles. For automobiles hired, loaned, leased or furnished refer to Rule 28 – Hired Automobiles of Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual. For all other non-owned automobiles, refer to Rule 27 – Non-Ownership Liability of Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

(8) *Bus Not Otherwise Classified* – this classification includes, but is not limited to, automobiles such as country club buses, cemetery buses, real estate development buses, and courtesy buses run by hotels.

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- g. *Van Pools* an automobile of the station wagon, van, truck or bus type used to provide prearranged commuter transportation for employees to and from work and is not otherwise used to transport passengers for a charge.
 - (1) Employer Furnished Transportation

Transportation is held out by the employer as an inducement to employment, a condition of employment or is incidental to employment.

(a) Employer Owned Automobiles

Automobiles owned or leased for one year or more by an employer and used to provide transportation only for employees of the employer.

(b) Employee Owned Automobiles

Automobiles owned or leased for one year or more by an individual employee and used to provide transportation only for fellow employees.

(2) All Other

Automobiles which do not meet the employer owned automobile classification requirements.

- h. *Transportation of Employees Other Than Van Pools –* automobiles of any type used to transport employees other than as defined in Section B.1.g. of this Rule.
 - (1) Automobiles that are owned or leased for one year or more by an employer and used to transport only his own employees. The classification code applicable to these vehicles is 5851.
 - (a) automobiles that can be classified as private passenger types in accordance with the eligibility requirements described in Rule 61 – Eligibility of Section IV – Private Passenger Types of this Manual shall be rated in accordance with the provisions of Rule 63 – Premium Development of Section IV – Private Passenger Types of this Manual.

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- (b) all other automobiles that cannot be classified as private passenger types in accordance with the eligibility requirements described in Rule 61 – Eligibility of Section IV – Private Passenger Types of this Manual shall be rated as van pools.
- (2) Automobiles that are owned or leased for one year or more by a person or organization who is in the business of transporting employees of one or more employers shall be classified and rated in accordance with Rule 72 – Public Automobile Classifications and Rule 73 – Premium Development – Other than Zone Rated Automobiles for automobiles described as a Bus Not Otherwise Classified in Section B.1.f.(8) of this Rule.
- 2. Radius Class

Determine radius on a straight line from the street address of the automobile's principal garaging.

- a. Local up to 50 miles the automobile is not operated beyond a radius of 50 miles from the street address where such automobile is principally garaged.
- b. Intermediate 51-200 miles the automobile is operated beyond a radius of 50 miles but not beyond a radius of 200 miles from the street address where such automobile is principally garaged.
- c. Long distance over 200 miles the automobile is operated beyond a 200 mile radius from the street address where such automobile is principally garaged.
- C. Geographic Classification

Automobiles with a primary classification of Other Buses described in Section B.1.f.(1), or Sections B.1.f.(3) – (8) of this Rule are subject to zone rating if the automobile is regularly operated beyond a 200 mile radius from the street address of principal garaging.

1. Zone Rated Automobiles – Determination of Zone, Zone of Principal Garaging, Zone Combination, and Zone Combination Code

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For risks that are subject to zone rating, determine the zone, zone of principal garaging, zone combination, and zone combination code for each automobile as follows:

a. Zone

Use the Long Distance Zone Definitions tables in the Rate Section to identify the metropolitan and/or regional zones that will be used for determining zone combination as described in Section C.1.c. of this Rule and zone combination code as described in Section C.1.d. of this Rule.

- b. Zone of Principal Garaging
 - If the automobile is principally garaged in any of the metropolitan zones identified in the Long Distance Zone Definitions table (either zone 03 (Boston) or any other metropolitan zone outside of Massachusetts), assign zone 03 as the zone of the automobile's principal garaging.
 - 2) If the automobile is principally garaged in any of the regional zones identified in the Long Distance Zone Definitions table (either zone 49 (New England) or any other regional zone), assign zone 49 as the zone of the automobile's principal garaging.
- c. Zone Combination
 - 1) When an automobile is principally garaged in a regional zone and operates in that zone and in one or more metropolitan zones, the zone combination is the regional zone and the metropolitan zone that is farthest away from the automobile's principal garaging.
 - 2) In all other situations, the zone combination is the zone of the automobile's principal garaging and the zone included in the automobile's operations that is farthest away from the automobile's principal garaging.
- d. Zone Combination Code

To identify the zone combination code that will be used for statistical reporting purposes, refer to the applicable Zone Rating Table in the Rate Section based upon whether the automobile's zone of principal garaging, as determined in

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Section C.1.b., is zone 03 (zone combination codes 2XX), or zone 49 (zone combination codes 9XX). The tables provide liability base premiums and physical damage factors for each zone combination and identify the applicable zone combination codes.

Refer to the following examples for determining zone combination and zone combination code:

Examples:

 The automobile is principally garaged in Worcester, Massachusetts (regional zone 49 – New England) and operates in Utica, New York (regional zone 48 – Eastern) and Hartford, Connecticut (metropolitan zone 12 – Hartford). In accordance with Sections C.1.b.2) and C.1.c.1) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 49 (the automobile is principally garaged in a regional zone) and 12 (the metropolitan zone that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 49 (New England) or Other Regional Zones). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 912.

2. The automobile is principally garaged in Albany, New York (regional zone 48 – Eastern) and operates in Boston, Massachusetts (metropolitan zone 03 – Boston) and Hartford, Connecticut (metropolitan zone 12 – Hartford). In accordance with Sections C.1.b.2) and C.1.c.1) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 49 (the automobile is principally garaged in a regional zone) and 03 (the metropolitan zone that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging).

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 49 (New England) or Other Regional Zone). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 903.

3. The automobile is principally garaged in Springfield, Massachusetts (regional zone 49 – New England) and operates

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in Bangor, Maine (regional zone 49 – New England). In accordance with Sections C.1.b.2) and C.1.c.2) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 49 (the zone in which the automobile is principally garaged is a regional zone) and 49 (the zone included in the automobile's operations that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging.

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 49 (New England) or Other Regional Zone). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 949.

4. The automobile is principally garaged in Boston, Massachusetts (metropolitan zone 03 – Boston) and operates in New York City (metropolitan zone 26 – New York City) and Utica, New York (regional zone 48 – Eastern). In accordance with Sections C.1.b.1) and C.1.c.2) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 03 (the zone in which the automobile is principally garaged is a metropolitan zone) and 48 (the zone included in the automobile's operations that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging.

To identify the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 03 (Boston) or Other Metropolitan Zone). According to this table and based upon the determined zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 248.

5. The automobile is principally garaged in New York City (metropolitan zone 26 – New York City) and operates in Atlanta, Georgia (metropolitan zone 01 – Atlanta) and in Tallahassee, Florida (regional zone 47 – Southeast). In accordance with Sections C.1.b.1) and C.1.c.2) of this Rule, the proper zone combination is 03 (the zone in which the automobile is principally garaged is a metropolitan zone) and 47 (the zone included in the automobile's operations that is farthest from the automobile's principal garaging.

To determine the zone combination code, refer to the Zone Rating Table (Zone of Principal Garaging is Zone 03 (Boston) or Other Metropolitan Zone). According to this table and based

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upon the established zone combination, the zone combination code to be used for statistical reporting purposes is 247.

2. Non-Zone Rated Automobiles - Determination of Rating Territory

For automobiles classified under this rule that are not subject to zone rating, the rating territory shall be determined by the highest rated territory through which or in which the public automobile operates. The highest rated territory is the territory with the highest manual premiums for compulsory and optional bodily injury liability at \$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident and \$5,000 property damage as shown on the Public Automobiles Liability rate pages in the Rate Section. A rating territory other than the highest rated territory may apply if the risk supplies credible documentation that 80% or more of the public automobile's operation is outside the highest rated territory. In that case, assign the territory of the automobile's highest percentage of operation. If the automobile's highest percentage of operation is outside of Massachusetts, assign the highest rated Massachusetts territory, regardless of the automobile's Massachusetts operations.

Refer to the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section.

D. Secondary Classifications

A secondary classification is assigned to automobiles with a primary classification of Other Buses and described in Section B.1.f. of this Rule that do not qualify for zone rating, and to automobiles with a primary classification of School Bus as described in Section B.1.d. or Church Bus as described in Section B.1.e. of this Rule. The secondary classification is based on the seating capacity of the automobile.

Apply the following criteria to determine the seating capacity of the automobile:

- 1. Use the seating capacity specified by the manufacturer of the automobile unless a public authority rules otherwise.
- 2. Do not include the driver's seat when determining seating capacity.

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3. If a truck, tractor or trailer is classified as a public automobile, determine the seating capacity from the size class as follows:

Size Class	Seating Capacity
Light	1 to 8
Medium	9 to 20
Heavy	21 to 60
Extra-Heavy	Over 60

RULE 73. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT – OTHER THAN ZONE RATED AUTOMOBILES

This Rule shall apply to all classifications described in Rule 72 – Public Automobile Classifications except for the classifications described in Section B.1.h.(1) of Rule 72.

- A. Determine the rating territory code from the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section in accordance with the provisions of Rule 72.C. Public Automobile Classifications.
- B. Determine the Combined Rating Factor

Determine the classification code and combined rating factor as follows:

- 1. Determine whether the risk is classified as fleet or non-fleet according to Rule 72 Public Automobile Classifications.
- 2. Determine the primary rating factor from the applicable Public Transportation Classification Codes and Primary Rating Factors table in the Rate Section, based on the automobile's use and radius class and in accordance with Rule 72 Public Automobile Classifications. For van pools, the primary rating factor is based on seating capacity as defined in Rule 72.D. Public Automobile Classifications.
- 3. Determine the secondary rating factor, if applicable, from the Public Transportation Secondary Classification Codes and Rating Factors table in the Rate Section, based on the seating capacity and in accordance with Rule 72 Public Automobile Classifications.
- 4. Determine the combined rating factor by adding the secondary rating factor to the primary rating factor.

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- C. Premium Computation
 - 1. Liability and Personal Injury Coverages

Use the rating territory as determined in Section A. of this Rule to determine the rate for the applicable liability coverage level from the appropriate Public Automobiles rate pages in the Rate Section. Apply the rating factor from the appropriate Public Transportation Rating Factors and Statistical Codes table in the Rate Section to the liability rate to compute the final premium.

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Rate Pages</u> to be Used*				
Compulsory BI (A-1)					
PIP (A-2)			Combined Rating Factor		
Property Damage (PDL)	Public		(from Rule 73.B.)		Premium
Optional BI (B)	Automobiles	Х	(nom Rule 75.D.)	=	
Medical Payments	Liability				
Uninsured Motorist (U-1)			N/A		
Underinsured Motorist (U-2)					

*Use the following table to determine the appropriate Public Automobiles rate page to reference for each of the primary classifications described in Rule 72.B. – Public Automobile Classifications.

Rule 72.B. – Primary Classification Section	Public Automobiles Liability Rate Page Title Rule
Rule 72.B.1.a.	Taxis – Owner Operator, Rented or Leased and All Other
Rule 72.B.1.b.	Limousines
Rule 72.B.1.c.	Car Service
Rule 72.B.1.e., 72.B.1.d.	Church and School Buses
Rule 72.B.1.f.(7), 72.B.1.f.(8), 72.B.1.h.(2)	Social Services and Bus N.O.C.
Rule 72.B.1.f.(1)-(6)	Other Buses
Rule 72.B.1.g., 72.B.1.h.(1)(b)	Van Pools

- 2. Physical Damage Coverages
 - a. These rating procedures apply to public automobiles that are classified as van pools in accordance with Section B.1.g. of Rule 72 or are classified as being used for transportation of employees in accordance with Section B.1.h.(1)(b) of Rule 72 Public Automobile Classifications.

The premiums for physical damage coverage reflected in the Rate Section are on an actual cash value basis. For coverage on a stated amount or agreed value basis, refer to Rule 42.D. and E.

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– physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.

Determine the original cost new and age of the vehicle to be insured according to Rule 42.C. – Physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual and the rating territory according to Section C.2. of Rule 72 – Public Automobile Classifications to obtain the premium at the selected deductible from the Van Pools rate pages in the Rate Section.

If a higher other than collision deductible is desired, determine the \$500 deductible rate from the Van Pools rate pages and charge the indicated percentage for the deductible desired.

To compute the final physical damage premium, multiply the collision and comprehensive rates by the combined rating factor determined in accordance with Section B. of this Rule. If collision – waiver of deductible coverage exists, add the premium associated with the applicable deductible level to the final collision premium.

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Rate Pages</u> to be Used						
Collision (\$500 Deductible)			N/A		Combined Rating Factor (from Rule 73.B.)		
Collision – Waiver of Deductible	V D I				N/A		
Comprehensive (\$500 Deductible)	Van Pools Physical Damage	Х	Percentage for >\$500 Deductible Option (from Physical Damage Rate Pages)	Х	Combined Rating Factor (from Rule 73.B.)	=	Premium

The premium for limited collision coverage is obtained by multiplying the percentage indicated on the Van Pools physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section by the final collision premium. Rating procedures for additional limited collision coverage options are also described on the Van Pools rate pages in the Rate Section.

b. Refer to the Public Vehicles Rating Procedures in the Rate Section for automobiles other than Van Pools.

RULE 74. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT – ZONE RATED AUTOMOBILES

- A. Determine Combined Rating Factor
 - 1. Determine the classification code and the primary rating factor in accordance with Rule 72.B. – Public Automobile Classifications.
 - 2. Determine the State Rating Factor

Refer to the Zone Rating Tables section of the rate pages to determine the state rating factor.

- 3. Determine the combined rating factor by multiplying the primary rating factor determined in A.1. by the state rating factor determined in A.2.
- B. Premium Computation
 - 1. Liability and Personal Injury Coverages
 - a. Determine the zone or zone combination according to Rule 72.C. to determine the bodily injury (\$20,000 per person, \$40,000 per accident) and \$5,000 property damage liability premium from the applicable Zone Rating Table in the Rate Section. Apply the indicated factors to the premium obtained from the applicable Zone Rating Table to compute the base rate.
 - b. Multiply the base rate from B.1.a. by the Combined Rating Factor as determined in A.3 to obtain the final premium.

Coverage	Rate Pages to be Used						
	\$20,000/\$40,000 Bodily						
Compulsory BI	Injury (from the Zone		0.86				
	Rating Table)						
	\$20,000/\$40,000 Bodily						
PIP	Injury (from the Zone		0.04		Combined Rating Factor** (from Rule 74.A.3.) = Premi		
	Rating Table)			х		=	Premium
	\$5,000 Property Damage			Λ			
Property Damage	(from the Zone Rating		N/A		74.A.3.)		
	Table)						
	\$20,000/\$40,000 Bodily						
Optional BI*	Injury (from the Zone		0.10				
_	Rating Table)						

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Medical Payments	Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Liability			
Uninsured Motorist		N/A	N/A	
Underinsured Motorist	Public Automobiles Liability			

*Refer to Rule 40 – Increased Liability Limits in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures for determining increased limits.

**Secondary rating factors do not apply, however, report secondary statistical codes from the Secondary Classification Codes and Rating Factors table in the Rate Section.

- 2. Physical Damage Coverages
 - a. The premiums for physical damage coverage reflected in the Rate Section are on an actual cash value basis. For coverage on a stated amount or agreed value basis, refer to Rule 42.D. and E. – Physical Damage Coverage Rating Procedures in Section II – Common Coverages and Rating Procedures of this Manual.
 - b. Determine \$500 deductible physical damage premium from the applicable Zone Rating Table in the Rate Section for the appropriate zone combination.
 - c. Determine Combined Rating Factor
 - Determine the classification code and the primary rating factor in accordance with Rule 72.B. – Public Automobile Classifications.
 - 2) Determine the State Rating Factor

Refer to the Zone Rating Tables section of the rate pages to determine the state rating factor.

- 3) Determine the combined rating factor by multiplying the primary rating factor from 2.c.(1) by the state rating factor determined in 2.c.(2).
- d. Multiply the physical damage premium from 2.b. by the original cost new (OCN)/age group relativities, deductible relativities, and combined rating factor. Refer to the Zone Rating Tables Physical Damage in Rate Section for the OCN/Age Group and deductible relativities.
- e. Add the premium for collision waiver of deductible, if applicable. Use the collision waiver of deductible for

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trucks, tractors and trailers with the applicable deductible level. For vehicles principally garage outside of Massachusetts, use the highest rated Massachusetts territory as shown on the trucks, tractors, and trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section.

f. The premium for limited collision coverage is determined by multiplying the percentage displayed on the trucks, tractors, and trailers physical damage rate pages in the Rate Section by the final collision premium.

<u>Coverage</u>	<u>Rate Pages to be</u> <u>Used</u>						
Collision	\$500 Deductible Premium (from	V	Collision Relativity (OCN/Age Group Relativity X Deductible Relativity)	V	Combined Rating Factor*		D .
Comprehensive	Zone Rating Table)	Х	Comprehensive Relativity (OCN/Age Group Relativity X Deductible Relativity)	Х	(from Rule 74.B.2.c.)	=	Premium

*Secondary rating factors do not apply, however, report secondary statistical codes from the Secondary Classification Codes and Rating Factors table in the Rate Section.

RULE 75. PUBLIC OR LIVERY PASSENGER CONVEYANCE AND ON-DEMAND DELIVERY SERVICES – OTHER INSURANCE CONDITION

For all policies with automobiles classified as public automobiles in accordance with this Section, the Servicing Carrier will attach Public or Livery Passenger Conveyance and On-Demand Delivery Services – Other Insurance Condition endorsement form CR 99 04 to the policy.

RULE 76. TRANSPORTATION OF MIGRANT FARM WORKERS BY FARM LABOR CONTRACTORS

This rule applies only to automobiles of a farm labor contractor required to be registered in accordance with the Migrant and Seasonal Agricultural Workers Protection Act.

- A. Eligible Class Codes
 - 1. Passenger Hazard Included (Class Code 5926)

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- 2. Passenger Hazard Excluded (Class Code 5927)
- B. Premium Computation
 - 1. Rate each automobile as an inter-city bus (Rule 72.B.1.f.(1)) and calculate the otherwise applicable non-fleet premium for each risk according to the provisions of Rule 73 Premium Development Other than Zone Rated Automobiles. If an automobile subject to this rule is of a truck type, the secondary rating factor should reflect a seating capacity of 21-60 in accordance with this Rule.
 - 2. Passenger Hazard Included

Multiply the compulsory and optional bodily injury liability, personal injury protection and property damage liability premiums determined in Section B.1. of this Rule by 0.50 to determine the final premium.

3. Passenger Hazard Excluded

Multiply the compulsory and optional bodily injury liability, personal injury protection and property damage liability premiums determined in Section B.1. of this Rule by 0.375 to determine the final premium.

RULES 77-85 RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE

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I. <u>RISKS SUBJECT TO THE MASSACHUSETTS COMPULSORY LAW</u>

RULE 86. ELIGIBILITY

A. This subsection applies to any form of business engaged in one or more of the operations classified in Section B. of this Rule to which a dealer plate has been issued by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles.

These classifications shall be written on the Auto Dealers Coverage Form CA 00 25 and the Auto Dealers MA Mandatory Endorsement MM 25 01 must be attached.

- B. To provide coverage for covered autos while used with a dealer or repair plate issued by the MA RMV, use the Covered Auto Designation Symbol Endorsement CA 99 54.
- C. Classification and Codes

Only one classification and code applies to a risk for both liability and physical damage coverages.

		Code	
		Without	Full
		<u>full</u>	covered
		covered	<u>autos</u>
	Classification Description	<u>autos</u>	<u>liability</u>
		<u>liability</u>	<u>limit for</u>
		<u>limit for</u>	<u>customers</u>
		<u>customers</u>	<u>coverage</u>
		<u>coverage</u>	
a.	Franchised private passenger automobile	73010	73020
	dealer (with or without any other type of		
	franchise)		
b.	Franchised truck or truck-tractor dealer	73110	73120
	(with or without any other type of franchise		
	except private passenger automobile		
	franchise)		
c.	Franchised motorcycle dealer including all	73210	73220
	two wheeled cycle vehicles (no private		
	passenger automobile or truck franchise)		
d.	Franchised residence type mobile home	78200	78210
	trailer dealers		
e.	Franchised commercial trailer dealers	78300	78310
f.	Franchised recreational vehicle dealer (no	73310	73320
	private passenger, snowmobile or		

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	residence type mobile home trailer franchise)		
g.	Other franchised self-propelled land motor vehicle dealer, including motor homes and campers	73410	73420
h.	Non-franchised dealer (any risk described above that is not a franchised dealer)	73510	73520

RULE 87. LIABILITY COVERAGE

- A. Without Full Covered Autos Liability Limit for Customers Coverage
 - 1. This coverage is available for franchised dealers and non-franchised dealers.
 - 2. Except for the Massachusetts compulsory coverages, Without Full Covered Autos Liability Limit For Customers Coverage is afforded to customers only if there is no other automobile liability insurance or if the limit of other insurance is lower than any financial responsibility requirement.
 - 3. Without Full Covered Autos Liability Limit For Customers Coverage does not affect the coverage afforded the named insured, employees, directors, or partners.
- B. Full Covered Auto Liability Limit for Customers
 - 1. This coverage affords full liability coverage to customers.
 - 2. The rates shown on the Auto Dealers Liability Rates pages in the Rate Section are for Full Covered Auto Liability Limit for Customers Coverage.

RULE 88. AUTO DEALERS PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT FOR COMMON COVERAGES

Liability, Personal Injury Protection, Uninsured Motorists, Underinsured Motorists

Determine the rating territory from the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section based on the street address for each location.

Compute the advance premium at inception and the earned premium as developed by audit, if subject to audit, according to the following procedures:

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- A. Covered Automobile Coverage (Full Covered Autos Liability Limit for Customers)
 - 1. Apply the rate per plate shown in the Rate Section for each dealer registration plate issued to the named insured by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles. An automobile that is specifically registered by the named insured must be rated on a specified car basis according to its actual exposure.

Refer to the Dealers Physical Damage Rates pages in the Rate Section for premium determination of garage trailer plates (Class Code 07090).

If the named insured has more than one place of business, the rate for each plate shall be the rate for the location in connection with which each plate is used. If a plate is used in connection with more than one location, the rate for the highest rated location shall apply.

The premium at which the policy is originally issued shall be based upon the original number of dealer plates issued to the named insured by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles.

Upon application by the named insured for additional plates, the named insured shall pay to the company the additional premium required which shall be computed on a pro rata basis. For plates surrendered to the Registrar of Motor Vehicles during the policy period the earned premium shall be computed on a pro rata basis.

- B. Automobile Coverage (Without Full Covered Autos Liability Limit for Customers)
 - 1. Without Full Covered Autos Liability Limit for Customers Coverage may be provided by reducing the premium charged for optional bodily injury liability coverage and by reducing that portion of the property damage liability premium providing coverage in excess of the basic limit.
 - 2. Refer to the Dealers Physical Damage Rates pages in the Rate Section for premium determination.
- C. General Liability Coverage

The premium for this coverage is based upon the rates as shown in the Auto Dealers – General Liability table in the Rate Section, applied to each \$100 of the named insured's estimated annual payroll.

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Compute the advance premium at inception and the earned premium as developed by audit separately for each location according to the following procedures:

- 1. Liability
 - a. Multiply the rates per \$100 of payroll shown in the Auto Dealers General Liability table in the Rate Section by the estimated annual payroll.
 - b. The payroll for each employee must be the actual salary subject to a maximum of \$100 per week. All active proprietors or officers must be included at a fixed amount of \$100 per week. Do not include inactive proprietors or officers.
- 2. Minimum Premium
 - a. The minimum premium shall be the minimum shown in the Auto Dealers General Liability table in the Rate Section applied separately to each location.
 - b. Charges for other coverages shall apply in addition to the minimum premium.
- 3. Aggregate Limit
 - a. The combined single limit of liability rates displayed in the Auto Dealers General Liability table in the Rate Section reflect an aggregate limit of three times the otherwise applicable per accident liability limit.
 - b. For aggregate limits applicable to losses of other than three times the per accident limit, multiply the rates by the appropriate factor shown on the Auto Dealers General Liability rate page in the Rate Section.

RULE 89. MEDICAL PAYMENTS INSURANCE

- A. Auto Dealers Locations and Operations Medical Payments Coverage is included in the Auto Dealers Coverage Form. To exclude auto dealers locations and operations medical payments coverage, use Exclusion – Locations And Operations Medical Payments CA 25 52.
- B. To provide automobile medical payments insurance, use Automobile Medical Payments Coverage Endorsement MM 99 13.

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- C. The percentages shown in the Auto Dealers Medical Payments Table in the Rate Section are applicable to the total bodily injury premium for compulsory bodily injury liability coverage and optional bodily injury liability coverage for covered automobiles.
- D. If the liability coverage is limited in accordance with Section A. of Rule 87 – Liability Coverage, the percentages for the limits shown are applicable to the total bodily injury premium prior to the application of the discount.

RULE 90. AUTO DEALERS - ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS

A. Elevators and Escalators

Liability Coverage for elevators and escalators is included. A charge shall be made for legally required inspections made by or for the company.

B. Municipalities

To extend the policy to apply to the liability of a political subdivision in connection with certain permits it may require at the premises of the named insured, use Additional Insured - Municipalities Endorsement MM 25 98.

RULE 91. GENERAL LIABILITY EXCLUSIONARY ENDORSEMENTS

The following endorsements must be attached to the Auto Dealers policy.

A. Locations And Operations Not Covered

To exclude liability arising out of the locations or operations shown in the schedule of the endorsement, use Locations And Operations Not Covered Endorsement CA 25 07.

B. Cannabis

To exclude bodily injury, property damage or personal and advertising injury liability arising out of the design, cultivation, manufacture, storage, processing, packaging, handling, testing, distribution, sale, serving, furnishing, possession or disposal of cannabis, the actual, alleged, threatened or suspected inhalation, ingestion, absorption or consumption of, contact with, exposure to, existence of, or presence of cannabis and property damage to cannabis, use Cannabis Exclusion For General Liability Coverages Endorsement CA 27 12.

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C. Unmanned Aircraft

To exclude bodily injury and property damage liabilities, use Unmanned Aircraft Exclusion For General Liability Coverages – (Bodily Injury And Property Damage Liability Only) Endorsement CA 27 06.

D. Cross Suits Liability Exclusion

To exclude liability arising out of any claim or suit that is brought by any named insured against another insured covered by the same policy, use Exclusion – Cross Suits Liability For General Liability Coverages Endorsement CA 27 16.

E. Acts, Errors Or Omissions Liability Exclusion

To exclude all acts, errors, or omissions liability coverages, use Exclusion – Acts, Errors Or Omissions Liability Coverages Endorsement CA 25 63.

F. Personal And Advertising Injury Liability

To exclude coverage for personal and advertising injury liability, use Exclusion – Personal And Advertising Injury Liability Coverages Endorsement CA 25 54.

G. Damage to Rented Premises

To exclude coverage for damage to rented premises, use Exclusion – Damage To Rented Premises Endorsement CA 25 50.

RULES 92-94 RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE.

II. GARAGEKEEPERS INSURANCE

RULE 95. ELIGIBILITY

A. Garagekeepers' Insurance may be provided to cover loss to nonowned autos in the insured's possession while the insured is attending, servicing, repairing, parking or storing them. Use Garagekeepers Coverage Endorsement CA 99 37 to provide Garagekeepers' Insurance for risks classified pursuant to Rule 124.F. and written on the Business Auto Coverage Form CA 00 01. No endorsement is

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necessary to provide Garagekeepers' Insurance under the Auto Dealers Coverage Form CA 00 25.

- B. To provide coverage for damage to, or loss of, a customer's auto or customer's auto equipment left in the insured's care as part of the insured's towing operation, use On-hook Coverage Endorsement CA 04 52. Do not attach when Garagekeepers' Insurance is provided under the Business Auto Form unless insured's towing operations include transporting between locations other than insured's specified locations. On-hook coverage is for insureds who do not have garage or service locations, or who have a towing operation not associated with their own garage operations. The premium for Comprehensive is 5% of the rate for Garagekeepers' coverage.
- C. Garagekeepers insurance may be issued only to a single garage owner or operator described in this Section. Do not group two or more garage owners or operators in a single policy.

RULE 96. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT

- A. Determine the type of coverage to be afforded:
 - 1. Legal Liability
 - 2. Direct Coverage primary basis (without regard to legal liability)
 - 3. Direct Coverage excess over customer's policy (without regard to legal liability)
- B. Rating basis maximum limit of liability.
- C. Show each location with its limit of liability.
- D. Charge the premium shown in the Garagekeepers Premiums tables in the Rate Section based on the limit of liability selected for each location. The total premium is the sum of the premium for each location.

RULE 97. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT – CUSTOMERS' SOUND RECEIVING EQUIPMENT

A. Application

Comprehensive coverage, excluding theft, and Collision coverage for sound receiving equipment in a garage's care, custody or control may

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be provided. Use Garagekeepers Coverage – Customers' Sound Receiving Equipment Endorsement CA 99 59.

B. Premium Development

Determine the maximum limit of liability for customers' sound receiving equipment in a garage's care, custody or control at any one time. If more than one location, show the applicable limit for each location.

Use the premium shown in the Garagekeepers Premiums Tables for Other Than Collision and Collision in the Rate Section for the total of the limits of liability for all locations and apply the following factors:

- 1. For Comprehensive excluding theft -.50
- 2. For Collision -.40

III. AUTO DEALERS PHYSICAL DAMAGE COVERAGE

RULE 98. DEALERS PHYSICAL DAMAGE COVERAGE

- A. This coverage applies to:
 - 1. Automobiles owned by a dealer or non-dealer and held for sale;
 - 2. Automobiles owned and used in the named insured's business, including demonstrator automobiles and service automobiles;
 - 3. Automobiles on consignment if specifically indicated on the declarations;
 - 4. Automobiles held by the named insured pending delivery after sale except as to loss for which the interests of the purchaser are covered by insurance.
- B. The rates and premiums for this coverage are applicable for all automobiles in accordance with the following:
 - 1. Franchised Dealers risks that have a franchise issued by an automobile manufacturer for the sale of new automobiles and are engaged in the sale and services of automobiles, and have been granted a Class 1 license as defined in G.L. c. 140, §58.

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Charge 100% of the applicable manual rate for all coverages.

2. Non-Franchised Dealers – risks that are primarily engaged in the sale of automobiles that are not franchised dealers and have been granted a Class 2 or Class 3 license as defined in G.L. c. 140, §58.

Charge 110% of the applicable manual rate for all coverages.

- 3. Non-Dealer Risks develop the premium by using the nonreporting basis specified in Section B.2. of this Rule and charge 110% of the applicable manual rate for all coverages. Use Physical Damage Coverage – Autos Held for Sale by Non-Dealers Endorsement MM 20 27.
- C. Rating Basis
 - 1. Reporting basis use a reporting form to estimate the inventory of a dealer risk.
 - a. Charge the insured, on a monthly or quarterly basis, the premium earned during the preceding month or quarter.
 - b. Retain any deposit premium to be credited against the final payments.
 - c. Determine an estimated annual premium by multiplying the limits of liability shown in the policy by the annual rate.
 - 2. Non-Reporting Basis
 - a. The non-reporting basis provides for specified limits at each location subject to a pro rata distribution clause. The total of all such specified limits is the total amount insured under the policy.
 - b. The specified limits for any named location may be increased, decreased or cancelled. Locations may be added pro rata.

RULE 99. PARTS, MATERIALS OR ACCESSORIES

Parts, materials or accessories kept as merchandise for sale and not attached to automobiles may not be insured under Dealers Physical Damage Coverage.

RULE 100. SPECIFIED CAR BASIS

A. Dealers physical damage coverage may be provided on a specified car basis.

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B. Charge the applicable trucks, tractors and trailers rates or private passenger type rates.

RULE 101. CLASSIFICATIONS

The following classifications apply for Dealers Physical Damage Coverages:

- A. Standard Open Lots are open parking storage lots enclosed on all sides by a metal cyclone or equivalent fence not less than six feet in height; or bounded on one or more sides by the wall or walls of a building, with no unprotected openings, and with the exposed sides of the lot enclosed by a metal cyclone or equivalent fence not less than six feet in height, with openings securely locked when unattended.
- B. Non-Standard Open Lots are all other open lot locations, or unroofed space and buildings not securely enclosed and locked when unattended.
- C. Buildings.

RULE 102. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT

- A. The rates shown in the Rate Section for Dealers Physical Damage Coverages are annual rates per \$100 of value.
- B. The rates shown in the Rate Section for Miscellaneous Types apply to the following if values are reported separately:

Ambulances, fire trucks and apparatus, funeral directors, flower cars, hearses, mobile home trailers, and special or mobile equipment.

RULE 103. FALSE PRETENSE COVERAGE

This coverage may be written at a rate per \$100 of value. Use the total inventory value including the wholesale floor plan value.

Refer to the Dealers Physical Damage Rates pages in the Rate Section. Use False Pretense Coverage Endorsement CA 25 03.

RULE 104. DEALERS COLLISION COVERAGE

- A. Specified Car pro rate for the time at risk, the manual collision premium for the form of coverage and the type of automobile.
- B. Blanket Collision if all automobiles are to be insured for collision, charge the rates shown in the Blanket Collision Rates table in the Rate Section.

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C. Dealers Collision Coverage may be written on a named driver basis to insure the dealer while any automobile owned by the dealer is being operated by the named driver or while the named driver is a passenger. This coverage does not apply to dealers drive-away operations. Use Named Driver Collision Coverage Endorsement CA 25 11.

Refer to the Dealers Physical Damage Rate pages in the Rate Section for premium determination.

- D. Blanket Collision may be averaged.
 - 1. Determine the average rate by using the maximum value during the past 12 months or if not available the estimated maximum value to be covered at any time during the coming 12 months.
 - 2. Multiply the values at the specific rates to determine the premium for the various rating splits.
 - 3. Total these premiums and divide by the total values which will result in the average rate.

RULE 105. DEALERS DRIVE-AWAY COLLISION COVERAGE

Collision coverage may be provided for automobiles while being driven, towed or carried on any other automobile or trailer owned or hired by the insured from the point of purchase or distribution to the point of destination. Use the distance from the point of purchase or distribution to the point of destination to determine the mileage rating basis. This coverage is not available to drive-away contractors. Use Dealers Driveaway Collision Coverage Endorsement CA 25 02.

Individual Coverage

When collision coverage is not written on all automobiles, charge the per car per trip premiums displayed on the Dealers Physical Damage Rates pages in the Rate Section.

Blanket Coverage

When collision coverage is written on all automobiles and drive-away operation is in excess of 50 miles, charge the per car per trip premiums displayed on the Dealers Physical Damage Rates pages in the Rate Section.

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RULE 110. ELIGIBILITY

This section applies to all automobiles that are not classified or defined in other sections.

RULE 111. PREMIUM DEVELOPMENT

- A. Unless specifically described in the Rule, rating procedures for automobiles defined in Rules 112 through 126 are found on the Special Types Rating Procedures pages in the Rate Section.
 - Base rates for truck, tractor, and trailer type automobiles are found on the Trucks, Tractors and Trailers rate pages in the Rate Section based on the size of the automobile as defined in Rule 52.B.1. and Rule 52.B.2. – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications in Section III – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers of this Manual. Primary and secondary rating factors as defined in Rule 52.B.3. and Rule 52.B.4. and Rule 52 C. – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications in Section III – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers of this Manual do not apply.
 - 2. Base rates for private passenger type automobiles are found on the Private Passenger Types rate pages in the Rate Section.
- B. Determine if the risk is fleet or non-fleet as defined in Rule 52.A. Trucks, Tractors and Trailers Classifications in Section III – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers of this Manual or Rule 62.A. – Private Passenger Types Classifications in Section IV – Private Passenger Types of this Manual.
- C. Determine the rating territory from the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section based on the street address of principal garaging. Place of principal garaging is described in Rule 21 – Residence and Location of Section II – Common Coverages of this Manual.
- D. Liability, No-Fault and Physical Damage

Specific rating instructions are provided in the Rate Section for each classification.

E. Medical Payments, Uninsured and Underinsured Motorists Insurance

Refer to specific rules in the Rate Section. If no procedures are shown, determine premiums as follows:

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- 1. If liability premiums are developed from truck, tractor and trailer premiums, charge truck, tractor and trailer medical payments premiums, uninsured and underinsured motorists insurance premiums.
- 2. If liability premiums are developed from private passenger type premiums, charge private passenger type medical payments, uninsured and underinsured motorists insurance premiums.

RULE 112. AMBULANCE SERVICES

- A. Except for Compulsory Bodily Injury Coverage, the policy must exclude coverage for bodily injury to any volunteer worker engaged in rescue squad or ambulance corps operations. Use Emergency Services – Volunteer Firefighters' and Workers' Injuries Excluded CA 20 30.
- B. The policy must exclude coverage for Bodily Injury or Property Damage which results from providing or failing to provide any professional service. Use Professional Services Not Covered Endorsement CA 20 18.

RULE 113. AMPHIBIOUS EQUIPMENT

For automobiles designed to operate on both land and water, classify and rate as land automobiles according to their use.

RULE 114. RESERVED FOR FUTURE USE

RULE 115. AUTOMOBILE BODY MANUFACTURERS AND INSTALLERS (Class Code 79240)

Operations which involve demonstrating, testing, driving away or delivery of automobiles manufactured, assembled, rebuilt or repaired by the insured may be insured at the rate per plate applicable to auto dealers in Rule 88 – Premium Development in Section VI – Auto Dealers of this Manual.

All other automobiles and trailers, owned by the insured and operated in connection with the business of the automobile factory, shall be written on a specified car basis in accordance with manual rules and rates.

The policy shall not extend to cover the operation of any branch sales office or garage.

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RULE 116. DRIVER TRAINING PROGRAMS (EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS AND COMMERCIAL DRIVING SCHOOLS) AND AUTOMOBILE REPAIR TRAINING

- A. Driver Training Programs Educational Institutions (Class Code 79260)
 - 1. Eligibility

This section applies to private passenger automobiles used for driver training as part of a school curriculum.

- 2. A policy covering automobiles used by schools in driver training programs may be written on an annual term for Liability and Collision Coverages with premium prorated to reflect the actual school term. However, do not give credit for Saturdays, Sundays or holidays or for any other periods of lay-up during the school term.
- B. Commercial Driving Schools (Class Code 79270)
 - 1. Eligibility

This section applies to automobiles used by driving schools to give driving instruction. Use Driving Schools Endorsement CA 20 06.

- 2. Refer to the Rate Section for premium computation of owned automobiles.
- 3. Non-Owned Automobiles
 - a. The policy must cover the driving instructors and their students.
 - b. Premium Computation

Charge the private passenger type rates for each instructor in excess of the number of owned automobiles.

C. Automobile Repair Training

For automobiles used by schools in automobile repair training, the rules and rates for owned automobiles, hired automobiles and non-ownership apply.

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RULE 117. FIRE DEPARTMENT

- A. Eligibility
 - 1. This rule applies to automobiles used for firefighting purposes.
 - The policy must exclude coverage for Bodily Injury to any volunteer fireman or volunteer worker engaged in firefighting, rescue squad or ambulance corps operations. Use Emergency Services – Volunteer Firefighters' and Workers' Injuries Excluded Endorsement CA 20 30.
 - 3. The policy must exclude coverage for Bodily Injury or Property Damage which results from providing or failing to provide any professional service. Use Professional Services Not Covered Endorsement CA 20 18.

RULE 118. FUNERAL DIRECTORS

- A. Eligibility
 - 1. This rule applies to limousines, hearses or flower cars owned or used by a funeral director.
 - 2. The policy must exclude coverage for Bodily Injury or Property Damage which results from providing or failing to provide any professional service. Use Professional Services Not Covered Endorsement CA 20 18.
- B. Refer to Rule 112 Ambulance Services for automobiles that are a combination hearse/ambulance.

RULE 119. LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES

A. Eligibility

- 1. This rule applies to automobiles used by government law enforcement agencies or police departments.
- The policy must exclude coverage for Bodily Injury to any volunteer worker engaged in rescue squad or ambulance corps operations. Use Emergency Services – Volunteer Firefighters' and Workers' Injuries Excluded Endorsement CA 20 30.
- 3. The policy must exclude coverage for Bodily Injury or Property Damage which results from providing or failing to provide any

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professional service. Use Professional Services Not Covered Endorsement CA 20 18.

RULE 120. LEASING OR RENTAL CONCERNS

A. Eligibility

This rule applies to risks which lease or rent automobiles to others without drivers. For automobiles leased or rented with drivers refer to Rule 55 - Premium Development Options for Truckers in Section III – Trucks, Tractors and Trailers of this Manual or Rule 72 - Public Automobile Classifications in Section V – Public Transportation of this Manual.

B. Registration Requirements

The Massachusetts Registry of Motor Vehicles requires that motor vehicle registrations be obtained in the name of the actual owner of the automobile. When liability insurance is to be obtained by a person or organization other than the actual owner, policies must be issued as follows:

- 1. If the actual owner is other than the leasing company and the leasing company is obtaining the insurance, the policy must be issued to the leasing company as named insured and the Additional Insured Owner of Leased Vehicle Endorsement MM 20 25 must be made a part of the policy.
- If the actual owner is other than the leasing company and the ultimate lessee is obtaining the insurance, the policy must be issued to the ultimate lessee as named insured and the Additional Named Insured – Owner of Leased Vehicle Endorsement MM 20 25 and the Lessor – Additional Insured and Loss Payee Endorsement MM 20 26 must be made a part of the policy.
- 3. If the actual owner is the leasing company and the lessee is obtaining the insurance, the policy must be issued to the lessee as named insured and the Lessor Additional Insured and Loss Payee Endorsement MM 20 26 must be made a part of the policy.

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C. Premium Determination

When determining the premiums, use the rating territory from the Territory Definitions in the Rate Section based upon the street address where the automobile is principally garaged.

- 1. Specified Car Basis (Long Term)
 - a. Rate automobiles leased for one year or more at the classification rates in this Manual that apply to the lessee.
- 2. Specified Car Basis (Short Term)
 - a. Refer to the Rate Section for automobiles rented by the hour, day or week.
 - b. To exclude coverage for the owner or rentee of any "rent-itthere/leave-it-here" automobile not owned by the named insured, use Leasing or Rental Concerns – Rent-It-There/Leave-It-Here Autos Endorsement CA 20 12.
- D. Conversion, Embezzlement or Secretion Coverage
 - The policy must be endorsed using Leasing or Rental Concerns Conversion, Embezzlement or Secretion Coverage Endorsement CA 20 10 to exclude, under Comprehensive or Theft, coverage for conversion, embezzlement or secretion.
 - 2. To buy back this coverage, refer to the Rate Section for premium determination. Use Leasing or Rental Concerns Conversion, Embezzlement or Secretion Coverage Endorsement CA 20 10.
- E. Exclusion of Certain Leased Autos

To exclude liability and no-fault coverages for certain leased automobiles arising out of acts or omissions of the lessee or rentee, use Leasing or Rental Concerns – Exclusion of Certain Leased Autos Endorsement CA 20 11.

F. Schedule of Limits for Owned Autos

To provide varying liability coverage limits for automobiles owned by a leasing or rental concern, depending on the terms of the leasing or rental agreement and type of automobile, use Leasing or Rental Concerns – Schedule of Limits For Owned Autos Endorsement CA 20 13.

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RULE 121. MOBILE HOMES

Mobile homes shall be classified as follows:

- A. Trailers equipped as living quarters (Class Code 79630).
- B. Pick-up trucks used solely to transport camper bodies (Class Code 79620).
- C. Motor homes self-propelled vehicles equipped as living quarters. Overall length not more than 22 feet (Class Code 79600) and overall length more than 22 feet (Class Code 79610).
- D. Refer to the Rate Section for premium determination. Use Mobile Homes Contents Not Covered Endorsement CA 20 17.

RULE 122. MOTORCYCLES AND SIMILAR VEHICLES

- A. This rule applies to motorcycles, motorscooters, motorbikes and other similar vehicles used for commercial purposes.
- B. Refer to the Commercial Motorcycle rate pages in the Rate Section for premium determination.
- C. The premium for Personal Injury Protection must be charged for vehicles subject to Massachusetts registration.
- D. To exclude covered auto liability coverage for a guest occupant, use Guest Occupants Exclusion Endorsement MM 20 06.

RULE 123. REPOSSESSED AUTOMOBILES (Class Code 79250)

A. Eligibility

- 1. This rule does not apply to automobiles that finance companies and banks own or operate for their own business or personal purposes. Insure such automobiles according to the regular use of the automobile.
- 2. Automobile finance companies and banks engaged in the business of financing the purchase of or insuring automobiles which have been issued dealer's registration plates by the Registry of Motor Vehicles for use only in taking possession of such automobiles due to foreclosure or subrogation of title, shall be insured under a Business

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Auto Coverage Form. Use Registration Plates Not Insured for a Specific Auto Endorsement MM 20 10.

- B. Premium Computation
 - 1. Liability and No-Fault charge the private passenger type rate for each plate issued.
 - 2. Physical damage coverage for repossessed automobiles is not cedable to the Commonwealth Automobile Reinsurers.

RULE 124. REGISTRATION PLATES NOT ISSUED FOR A SPECIFIC AUTOMOBILE

A. Eligibility

This rule applies to risks which have been issued an interchangeable plate other than a dealer plate. Use Registration Plates Not Issued for a Specific Auto Endorsement MM 20 10.

B. Farmer's Special Plates (Class Code 79530)

Any risk engaged primarily in the occupation of farming or raising poultry on land owned or controlled by that risk may be issued farmer's interchangeable registration plates. Such registration plates are valid only when affixed to qualifying automobiles and may not be used with private passenger automobiles.

- 1. Premium Computation
 - a. Refer to Rate Section for liability coverage premium.
 - b. Physical damage coverage is available on a specified car basis only.
- C. Owner-Contractor (Class Code 07070)

Any risk other than a manufacturer, dealer or repairman and which owns or leases a fleet of 10 or more automobiles or trailers which are used exclusively in that risk's principal business, and which maintains an establishment with facilities for the repair, alteration or equipment of those automobiles or trailers may be issued Owner-Contractor interchangeable registration plates.

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All automobiles or trailers owned or leased by an owner-contractor which are in the process of being repaired, altered, equipped or transferred from one location to another and which are not being used during such time in the operation of the principal business of the owner-contractor or, in the case of rubber-tired backhoes, front-end loaders and road graders are being used on the traveled parts of public ways for the building, repair, or maintenance thereof, shall be regarded as registered under the general distinguishing number or mark assigned by the Registrar of Motor Vehicles and shall be insured at the rate per plate applicable to Auto Dealers as provided in the Rate Section.

D. Transporters (Class Code 07060)

Any risk engaged in the business of transporting or delivering under its own power, automobiles not owned by that risk may be issued interchangeable registration plates.

A risk with a valid license issued by the Department of Public Utilities, whose business consists of transporting automobiles which are under the control of, but not owned by such transporter while being delivered by the risk under its own power, shall be registered under the transporter plates assigned to the risk and shall be insured at the rate per plate applicable to Auto Dealers as provided in the Rate Section.

E. Boat Trailers (Class Code 04560)

This classification applies to dealers of boats and boat trailers to which interchangeable boat trailers plates have been issued.

Refer to the Rate Section for premium determination.

- F. Repair Plate or Dealer Plate Issued to Automobile Service Operations
 - 1. Any risk engaged in automobile service operations such as repair shops, auto body shops (class code 78090), service stations (class code 78110), storage garages and public parking places (class code 78130).
 - 2. Premium Determination
 - a. Liability

Rate according to Rule 88.A. – Premium Development in Section VI – Auto Dealers of this Manual.

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b. Physical Damage

Any automobile specifically registered by the named insured must be rated on a specified automobile basis according to its actual exposure.

Refer to Rule 98. B.3. – Dealers Physical Damage Coverage in Section VI – Auto Dealers of this Manual to rate automobiles held for sale by a non-dealer and use Physical Damage Coverage – Autos Held for Sale by Non-Dealers Endorsement MM 20 27.

RULE 125. SPECIAL OR MOBILE EQUIPMENT

A. Land Motor Vehicles Other Than Farm Equipment.

Unless indicated otherwise, operations coverage for any equipment described in this section is not provided under an automobile policy.

Eligibility

This section applies to the following categories:

- 1. Self-propelled automobiles which are required to be covered on an automobile policy with the following types of permanently attached equipment:
 - a. Equipment designed primarily for:
 - (1) Snow removal;
 - (2) Road maintenance, but not construction or resurfacing;
 - (3) Street cleaning.

Operations coverage for this equipment is provided under an automobile policy.

- b. Cherry pickers and similar devices mounted on an automobile or truck chassis and used to raise or lower workers;
- c. Air compressors, pumps and generators, including spraying, welding, building cleaning, geophysical exploration, lighting and well servicing equipment.

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- 2. Vehicles of the following types not covered by General Liability Insurance which may be covered under an automobile policy:
 - a. Bulldozers; forklifts, and other vehicles designed for use principally off public roads;
 - b. Vehicles maintained for use solely on or next to premises the insured owns or rents;
 - c. Vehicles that travel on crawler treads;
 - d. Vehicles maintained primarily to provide mobility to permanently mounted:
 - (1) Power cranes, shovels, loaders, diggers or drills; or
 - (2) Road construction or resurfacing equipment such as graders, scrapers or rollers;
 - e. Vehicles not described in Section A.2. of this Rule that are not selfpropelled and are maintained primarily to provide mobility to permanently attached equipment of the following types:
 - (1) Air compressors, pumps and generators, including spraying, welding, building cleaning, geophysical exploration, lighting and well servicing equipment; or
 - (2) Cherry pickers and similar devices used to raise or lower workers;
 - f. Vehicles not described in Sections A.1. or A.2. of this Rule, maintained primarily for purposes other than the transportation of persons or cargo.
 - g. For vehicles described in paragraphs 2a. through 2f. and the following paragraph B., that are not subject to a compulsory or financial responsibility law or other motor vehicle insurance law, Mobile Equipment Endorsement MM 20 11 may be used.
 - h. For equipment incapable of moving under its own power (class code 79390) medical payments, uninsured motorists, and underinsured motorists, coverage does not apply.

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B. Farm Equipment (Class Code 79070)

Eligibility

This rule applies to farm tractors, harvesting combines, power driven lawn mowers and other self-propelled farm equipment used for farming purposes.

Liability insurance for self-propelled farm equipment includes coverage for trailers, semitrailers, farm wagons and other farm implements while attached to the equipment. Coverage shall not extend to the operations of farm machinery or to a home, office, store of passenger trailer.

When physical damage coverage is provided for Farm Equipment, also attach Farm Tractors and Farm Tractors Equipment Endorsement CA 20 08.

RULE 126. SPECIALTY AND CLASSIC AUTOMOBILES AND MOTORCYCLES (Class Code 963000)

- A. This rule applies to cars or motorcycles that are twenty-five years old or less and are maintained solely for use in exhibitions, club activities, parades and other functions of public interest and are not used primarily for the transportation of passengers or goods over any way.
- B. Specialty and Classic Auto Endorsement CR 99 03 must be issued with the policy.
- C. Refer to the Special Types Rating Procedures in the Rate Section for premium determination.

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<u>Section I – General Rules</u>		
Coverage Forms		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Auto Dealers Coverage Form	CA 00 25 11 20	3.B
Auto Dealers Declaration MA	MM 25 02 03 24	3.B
Business Auto Coverage Form	CA 00 01 11 20	3.B
Business Auto Declarations ⁽¹⁾	CA DS 03 11 20	3.B
MA Business Auto Declarations	MM 00 97 11 20	3.B
Interline Forms		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Common Policy Conditions	IL 00 17 11 98	3.B
Nuclear Energy Liability Exclusion	IL 00 21 09 08	3.B
Endorsements		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Auto Dealers MA Mandatory Endorsement	MM 25 01 03 24	3.B
MA Mandatory Endorsement	MM 99 11 03 24	3.B
Massachusetts Changes Endorsement ⁽¹⁾	MM 99 67 10 13	3.B
Personal Injury Protection Coverage – MA ⁽¹⁾	MM 99 35 04 11	3.B
Motor Carrier Endorsement	CA 23 30 12 23	3.B
Exclusion of Terrorism Above Minimum Statutory Limits	CA 23 86 10 13	3.B
Premium adjustment and Coverage Endorsement	MM 99 68 03 24	7
⁽¹⁾ For use with risks not subject to the Compulsory Automob	l ile Insurance Law	

<u>Section II – Common Coverage Endorsements</u>		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Abuse or Molestation Exclusion for Covered Autos Liability Exposure	CA 28 03 12 23	Rule 48.A
Abuse or Molestation Exclusion for General Liability and Acts, Errors or Omissions Liability Coverages	CA 27 21 03 23	Rule 48.B
Additional Insured – Massachusetts	CR 99 02 01 27	37
Additional Insured – Owner of Leased Vehicle	MM 20 25 10 13	28.A.1.b
Agreed Value Insurance	MM 99 66 10 13	42.E.3
Audio, Visual and Data Electronic Equipment Coverage	CA 99 60 10 13	45.D
Audio, Visual and Data Electronic Equipment Coverage – Fire, Police and Emergency Equipment	CA 20 02 10 13	45.B

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<u>Section II – Common Coverage Endorsements (cont'd)</u>		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Auto Dealers Coverage Form – General Liability – Total Pollution Exclusion with a Building Heating, Cooling and Dehumidifying Equipment Exception & a Hostile Fire Exception	CA 25 36 10 13	Rule 46.C
Coverage for Injury to Leased Workers	CA 23 25 10 13	Rule 47
Drive Other Car Coverage – Broadened Coverage for Named Individuals	MM 99 22 10 13	26.B
Employees as Insureds	CA 99 33 10 13	27.B.4.a
Employee as Lessor	CA 99 47 10 13	28.A.3
Exclusion of Terrorism Above Minimum Statutory Limits	CA 23 86 10 13	50
Fire, Fire and Theft, Fire, Theft and Windstorm, and Limited Specified Causes of Loss Coverages	MM 99 47 10 13	none
Glass Breakage - \$100 Deductible	MM 99 51 10 13	none
Individual Name Insured	CA 99 17 10 13	26.A.1, 34.A.3
Lessor – Additional Insured and Loss Payee – MA	MM 20 26 11 20	28.A.1.b
Limited Collision Coverage - Massachusetts	MM 99 16 10 13	none
Loss of Use/Rental Reimbursement	MM 99 39 10 13	33.B
Loss Payable Clause – Audio, Visual, and Data Electronics Equipment	CA 99 61 10 13	none
MA Mandatory Endorsement	MM 99 11 03 24	46.A
Non-Ownership Liability Coverage for Volunteers	CA 05 24 11 20	27.B.4.b
Operator Exclusion	CR 99 01 01 27	31
Partners or Members as Insured	CA 05 25 11 20	27.B.4.b
Pollution Liability – Broadened Coverage for Covered Autos	MM 99 55 10 13	46.B
Pollution Liability – Broadened Coverage for Covered Autos -Auto Dealers Form – Massachusetts	MM 25 96 10 13	46.B
Public or Livery Passenger Conveyance and On-Demand Delivery Services Exclusion	CA 23 45 11 20	44
Rate Modification – Massachusetts	MM 99 23 03 24	none
Restriction of PIP for Employees Subject to the Massachusetts Workers Compensation Act	MM 99 20 10 13	39
Split Liability Limits – Massachusetts	MM 99 18 10 13	none
Stated Amount Insurance – Massachusetts	MM 99 56 10 13	42.D.2.d
Underinsured Motorists Coverage – Massachusetts	MM 99 54 10 13	36
Uninsured Motorists Coverage – Massachusetts	MM 99 28 10 13	35
Volunteer Hired Autos	CA 04 39 11 20	28.B.3
Vehicle Sharing Program Exclusion Endorsement	CR 99 05 01 27	43
Waiver of Deductible - Massachusetts	MM 99 17 10 13	42.B

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Section III – Trucks, Tractors, and Trailers Endorsements		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Commercial Automobiles Equipped with Amusement Devices	MM 23 03 10 13	52.E.3
Explosives	MM 23 04 10 13	52.E.4
Motor Carrier Endorsement	CA 23 30 12 23	55.D
Motor Carriers – Insurance for Non-Trucking Use	MM 23 07 10 13	55.C
Multi-Purpose Equipment	CA 23 03 10 13	none
Rolling Stores	CA 23 04 10 13	52.E.5, 52.E.6.d
Trailer Interchange – Fire and Fire and Theft Coverage	CA 23 13 12 93	55.D
Truckers – Uniform Intermodal Interchange Endorsement (UIIE-1)	CA 23 17 11 20	55.D
Wrong Delivery of Liquid Products	CA 23 05 10 13	52.E.2

Section V – Public Transportation Endorsements		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Public Transportation Autos	CA 24 02 10 13	71
Public or Livery Passenger Conveyance and On-Demand Delivery Services – Other Insurance Condition	CR 99 04 01 27	75

Section VI – Auto Dealers Endorsements		
	Earne Marachara	Della Defensera
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Additional Insured – Municipalities	MM 25 98 10 13	90.B
Auto Dealers Coverage Form	CA 00 25 11 20	86.A
Auto Dealers MA Mandatory Endorsement	MM 25 01 03 24	86.A
Automobile Dealers – "Drive-Away" Collision or Limited Collision	CA 25 02 10 13	105
Automobile Medical Payments Coverage Endorsement	MM 99 13 12 16	89.B
Cannabis Exclusion for General Liability Coverage	CA 27 12 12 19	91.B
Covered Auto Designation Symbol	CA 99 54 10 13	86.B
Exclusion – Acts, Errors, or Omissions Liability Coverage	CA 25 63 10 13	91.E
Exclusion – Cross Suits Liability for General Liability Coverage	CA 27 16 11 20	91.D
Exclusion – Damage to Rented Premises	CA 25 50 10 13	91.G
Exclusion – Locations and Operations Medical Payments	CA 25 52 10 13	89.A
Exclusion – Personal and Advertising Injury Liability Coverage	CA 25 54 10 13	91.F
False Pretense Coverage	CA 25 03 10 13	103

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Section VI – Auto Dealers Endorsements (cont'd)		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Garagekeepers Coverage	CA 99 37 10 13	95.A
Garagekeepers Coverage – Customer's Sound Receiving Equipment	CA 99 59 10 13	97.A
Locations and Operations Not Covered	CA 25 07 10 13	91.A
Named Driver Collision Coverage	CA 25 11 10 13	104.C
On-Hook Coverage	CA 04 52 11 20	95.B
Physical Damage Coverage – Autos Held for Sale by Non- Dealers	MM 20 27 10 06	98.B.3
Unmanned Aircraft Exclusion for General Liability Coverages (BI & PD)	CA 27 06 12 23	91.C

Section VII – Special Types and Operations Endorsements		
Title	Form Number	Rule Reference
Additional Insured – Owner of Leased Vehicle	MM 20 25 10 13	120.B.1, 120.B.2
Driving Schools – Non-Owned Auto	CA 20 06 11 20	116.B.1
Emergency Services – Volunteer Firefighters' and Workers' Injury Excluded	CA 20 30 10 13	112.A, 117.A.2, 119.A.2
Farm Tractors and Farm Tractors Equipment	CA 20 08 10 13	125.B
Guest Occupants Exclusion – Massachusetts	MM 20 06 10 13	122.D
Leasing or Rental Concerns – Conversion, Embezzlement, or Secretion	CA 20 10 10 13	120.D.1, 120.D.2
Leasing or Rental Concerns – Exclusion or Certain Leased Autos	CA 20 11 10 13	120.E
Leasing or Rental Concerns – Rent it There/Leave it Here Autos	CA 20 12 10 13	120.C.2.b
Leasing or Rental Concerns – Schedule of Limits for Owned Autos	CA 20 13 10 13	120.F
Lessor – Additional Insured and Loss Payee – MA	MM 20 26 11 20	120.B.2, 120.B.3
Mobile Equipment	MM 20 11 11 20	125.A.2.g
Mobile Homes Contents Not Covered	CA 20 17 10 13	121.D
Physical Damage Coverage – Autos Held for Sale by Non- Dealers	MM 20 27 10 06	124.F.2.b
Professional Services Not Covered	CA 20 18 10 13	112.B, 117.A.3, 118.A.2, 119.A.3
Registration Plates Not Insured for a Specific Auto	MM 20 10 10 13	123.A.2, 124.A
Specialty and Classic Auto – Massachusetts	CR 99 03 04 21	126.B